

# Automated material model generation in VALIMAT AUTOFIT & AUTOFAILUREFIT

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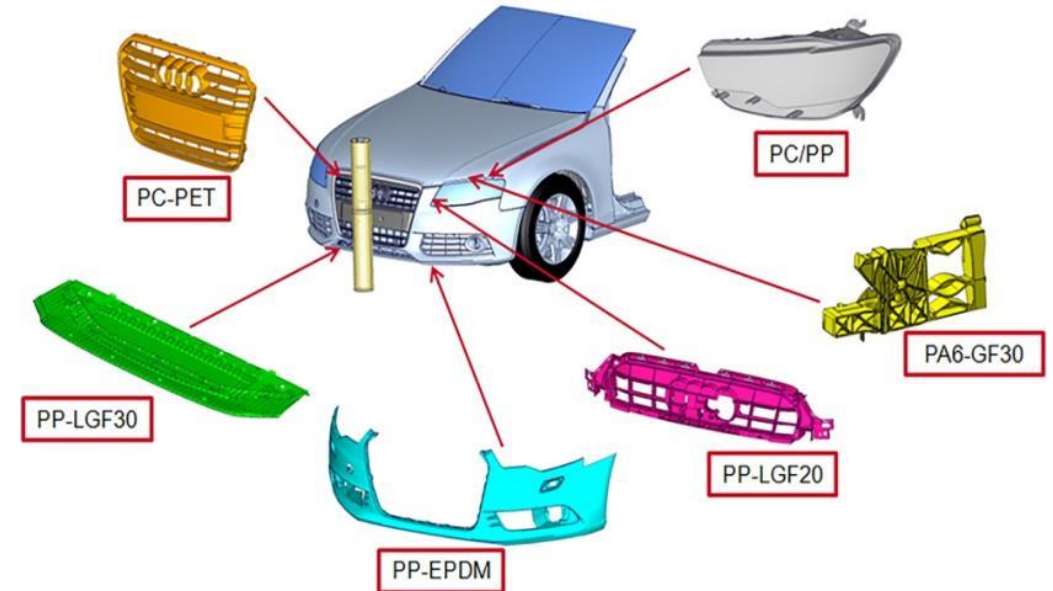
# Content

- Introduction / Motivation
- Isotropic Thermoplastics – isoP pro
  - Material Calibration Process
  - Material Models For Plastics
  - Failure Models
  - Failure Fit Implementation
  - Failure Fit Results
- Conclusion

# Introduction / Motivation

- simulation processes more commonly used in product development
- plastics wide variety of behavior and customizable for the application
- → demand for calibrated material models
- Automation
  - reduce process times
  - reproducible quality

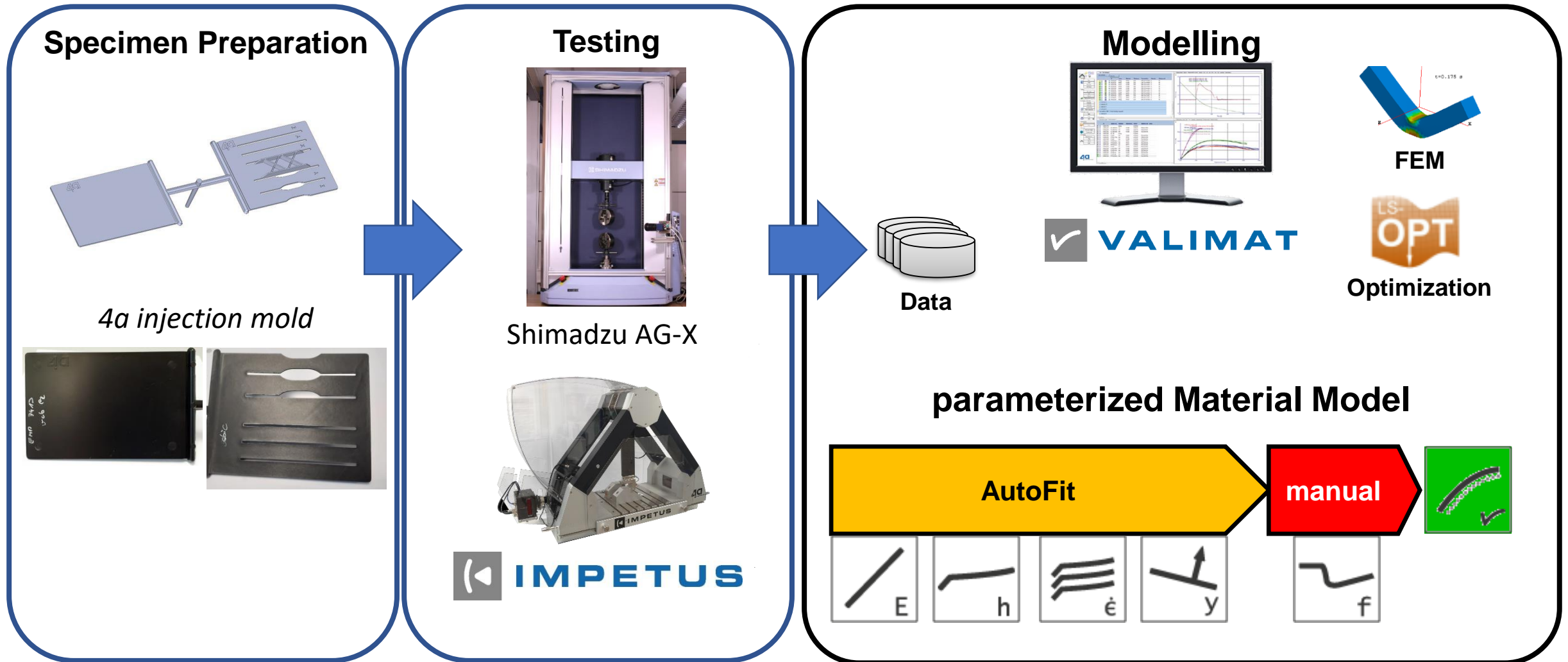
e.g. pedestrian safety



Source: [https://technologietag.4a.at/images/tt2016/tt16\\_t1\\_v04.pdf](https://technologietag.4a.at/images/tt2016/tt16_t1_v04.pdf)

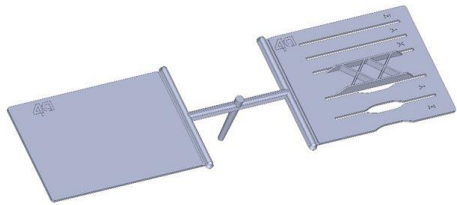
# Material Calibration Process

# PRO

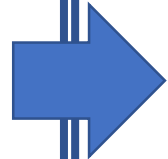


<https://www.4a-engineering.at/downloads/testpackages.pdf>

## Specimen Preparation



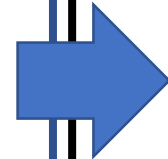
4a injection mold



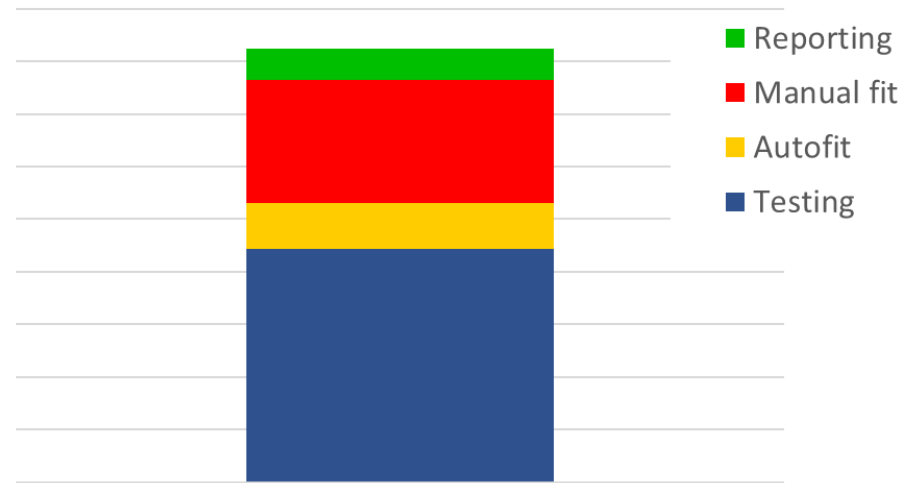
## Testing



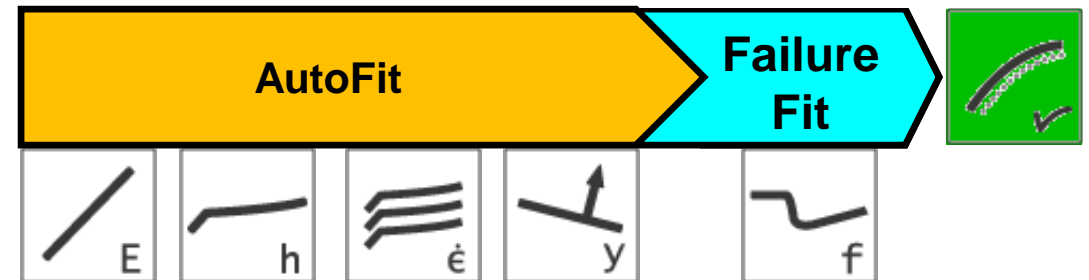
Shimadzu AG-X



## Process Time Estimation



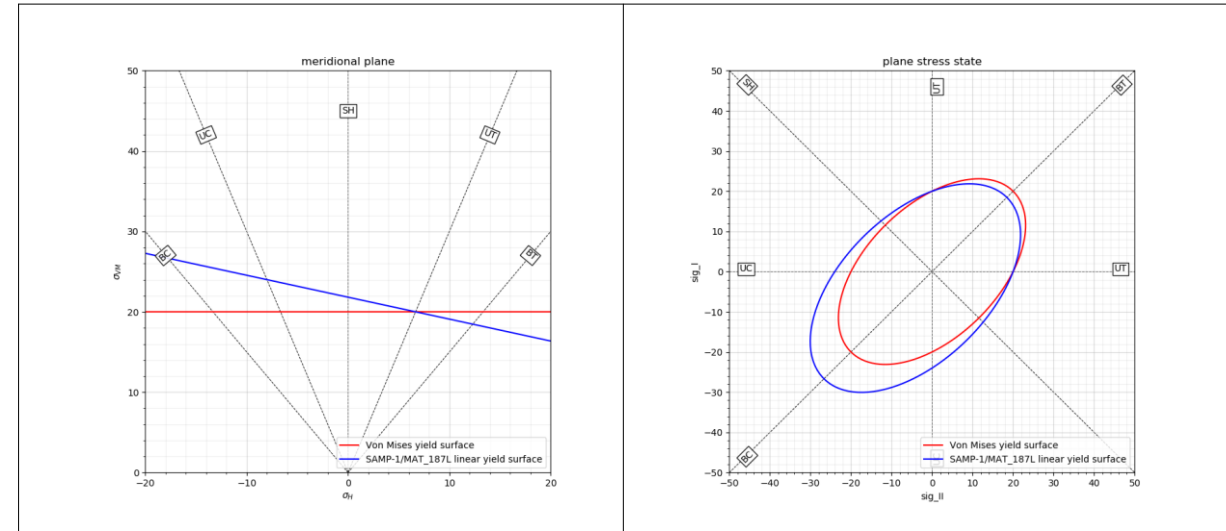
MAT\_187L + DIEM (manual)



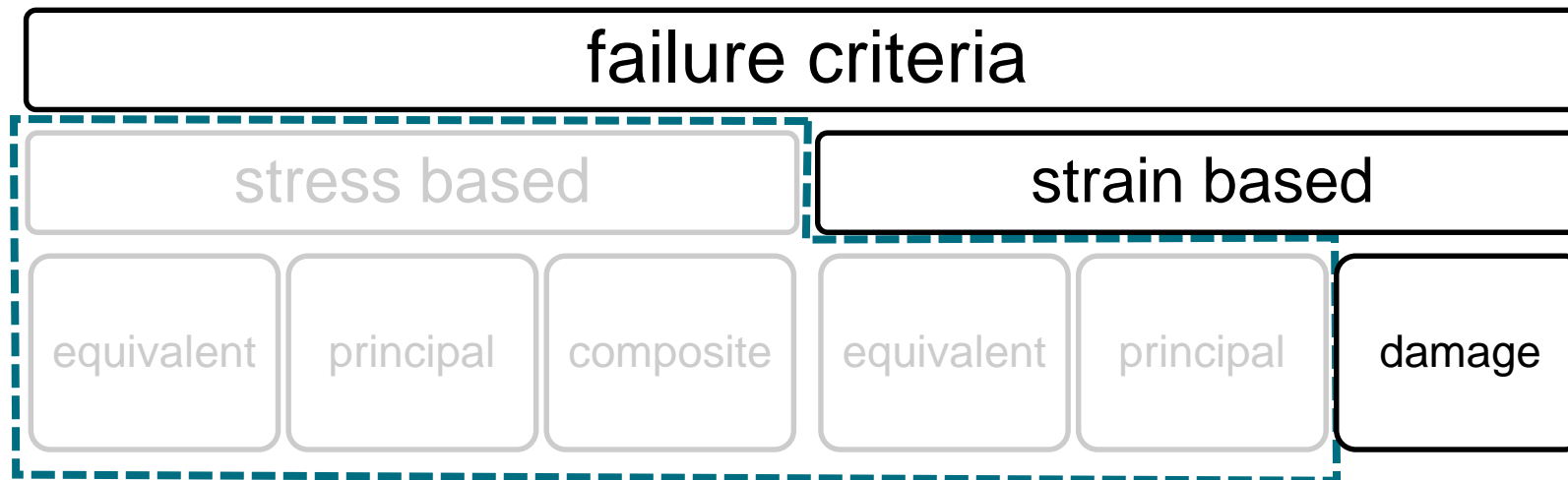
<https://www.4a-engineering.at/downloads/testpackages.pdf>

# Commonly Used Material Models For Plastics in LS-DYNA®

- **\*MAT\_024 - The workhorse**  
(**\*MAT\_081, \*MAT\_089, \*MAT\_123, ...**)
- **\*MAT\_187 - The plastic expert**
- **\*MAT\_187L – efficient version (R12)**



Material model	yield surface	Visco-elasticity	Visco-plasticity	Comp./tension asymmetry	plastic Poisson's ratio
<b>*MAT_024</b>	von Mises	✗	✓	✗	0.5
<b>*MAT_187</b>	linear; parabolic; piecewise linear	✓ $E(\dot{\epsilon})$	✓	✓	✓ $\nu_p(\epsilon)$
<b>*MAT_187L</b>	linear	✓ $E(\dot{\epsilon})$	✓	✓	✓ $\nu_p(\epsilon)$



## ***additional failure models***

### ***\*MAT\_ADD\_EROSION***

- MXEPS maximum principal strain, ...

## ***strain damage based***

- *before R11 optional DIEM / GISSMO*
- *since R11 \*MAT\_ADD\_DAMAGE\_DIEM*
- *since R11 \*MAT\_ADD\_DAMAGE\_GISSMO*

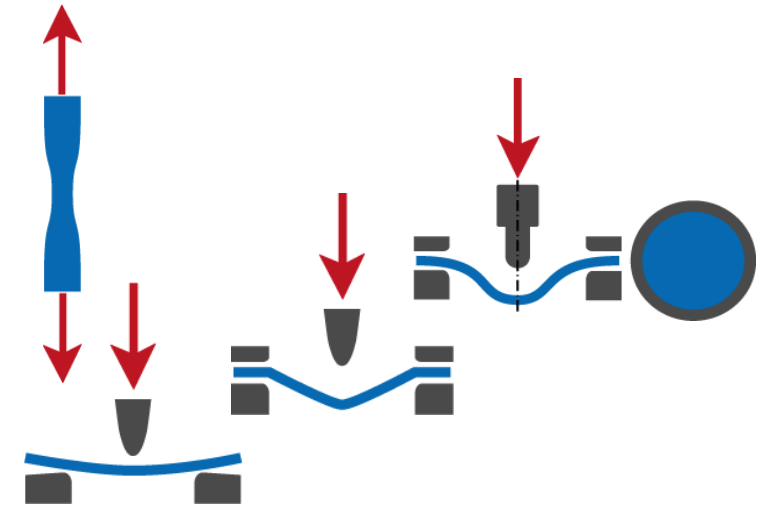
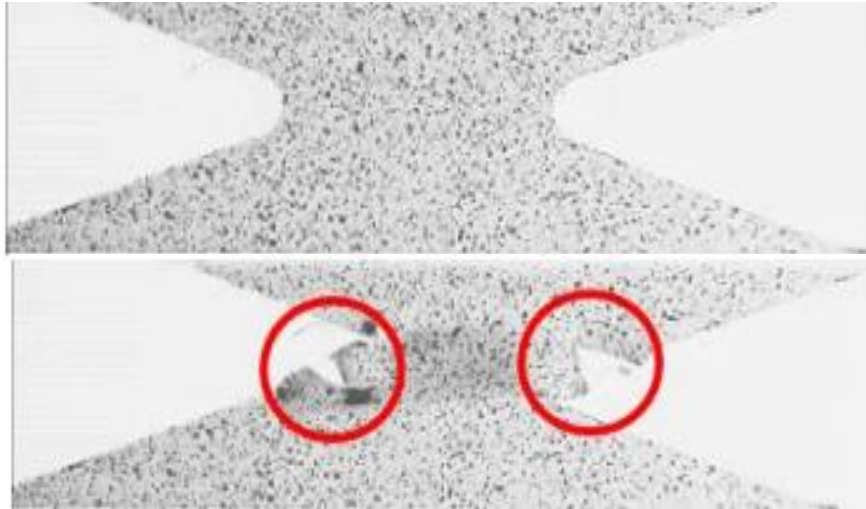
## ***Included eq. pl. strain***

### ***\*MAT\_024***

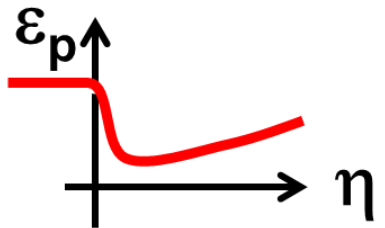
## ***included damage model in***

### ***\*MAT\_SAMP-1(GISSMO like)***

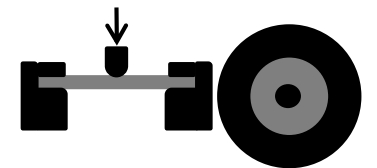
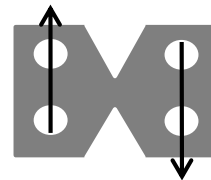
# from test to material card



- 0.33                      0                      0.33                      0.66                      η



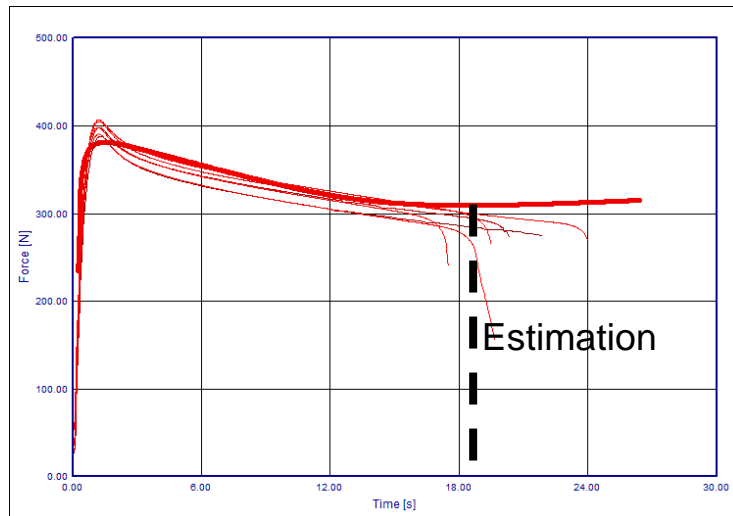
Damage/Failure



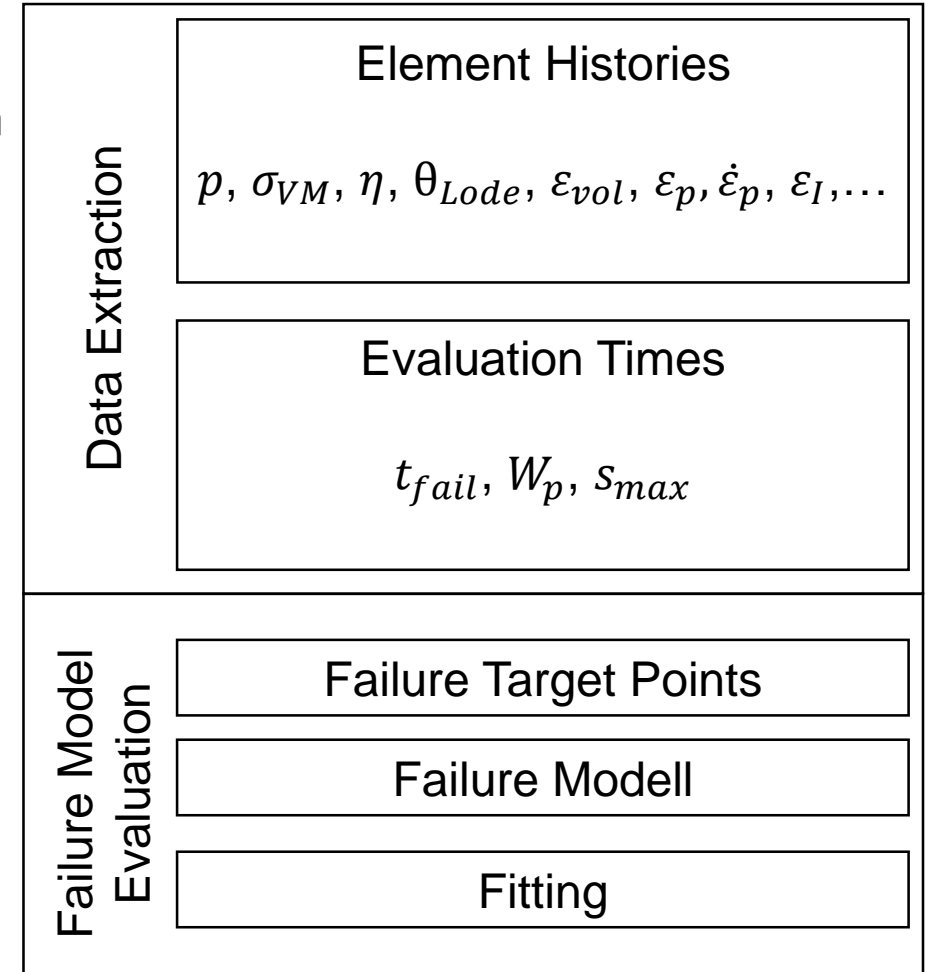


# Failure Fit

- Idea: Run a Simulation with of all failure cases where failure occurs → Extract the relevant history variables for the chosen failure model → Estimate failure model parameters
- Consists of 2 parts:
  - Data Extraction from Modell without failure
  - Failure Model Fitting



— simulation results  
— single measurement curve



# Failure Fit Implementation

## Data Extraction – Element Histories

- Define output sets in area of interest
- Data Extraction with VALIMAT python module

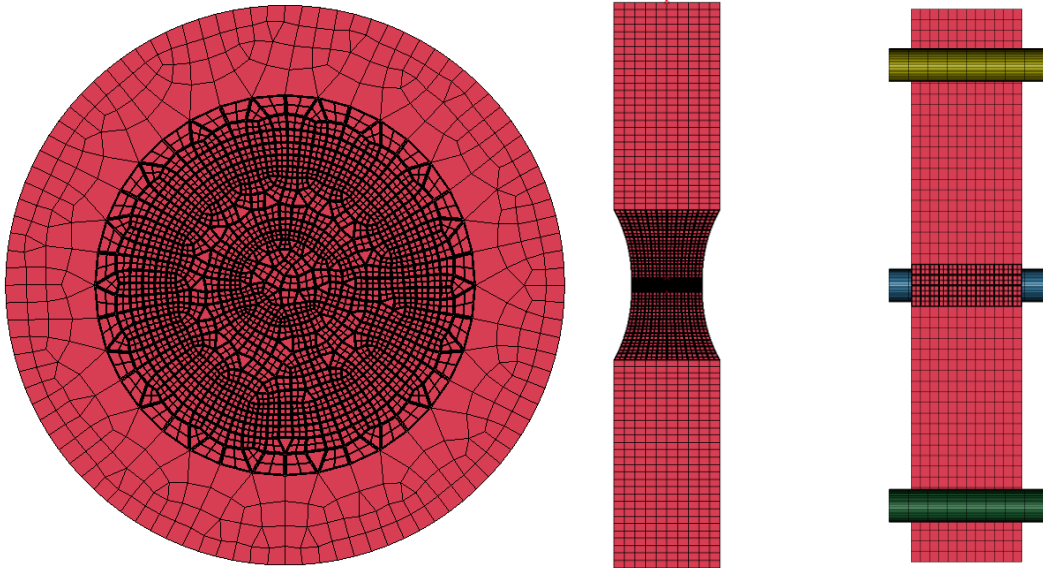


### Element Histories

$p, \sigma_{VM}, \eta, \theta_{Lode}, \epsilon_{vol}, \epsilon_p, \dot{\epsilon}_p, \epsilon_I, \dots$

puncture test PT

tensile test TT 3-point bending 3PB



Additional element history sets for data extraction

$p$  pressure  
 $\sigma_{VM}$  Von Mises Stress  
 $\eta$  stress Triaxiality  
 $\theta_{Lode}$  Lode angle  
 $\epsilon_{vol}$  volumetric strain  
 $\epsilon_p$  equivalent plastic strain  
 $\dot{\epsilon}_p$  equivalent plastic strain rate  
 $\epsilon_I$  maximum principal Strain

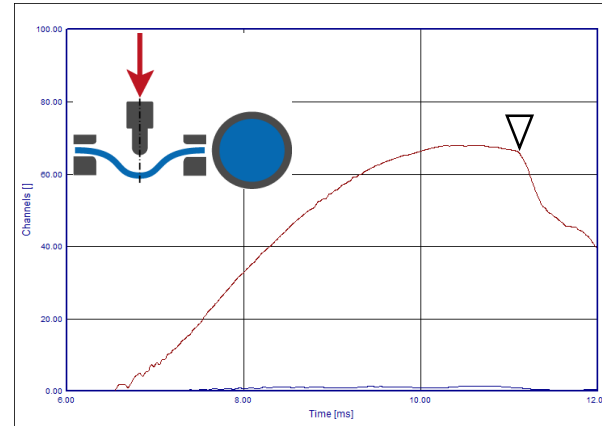
# Failure Fit Implementation

## Evaluation Times

Decide when failure should occur

- failure time from measurement (force drop, manual)

[-] Identification of failure	0 - Manual (point in time)
tend	0.013712
tfail	0.01114 <input type="button" value="get"/>



Evaluation Times

$$t_{fail}, W_p, S_{max}$$

- Combined value of measurement and simulation results
  - Work equal between Simulation and Test
  - Same displacement in Simulation and Test

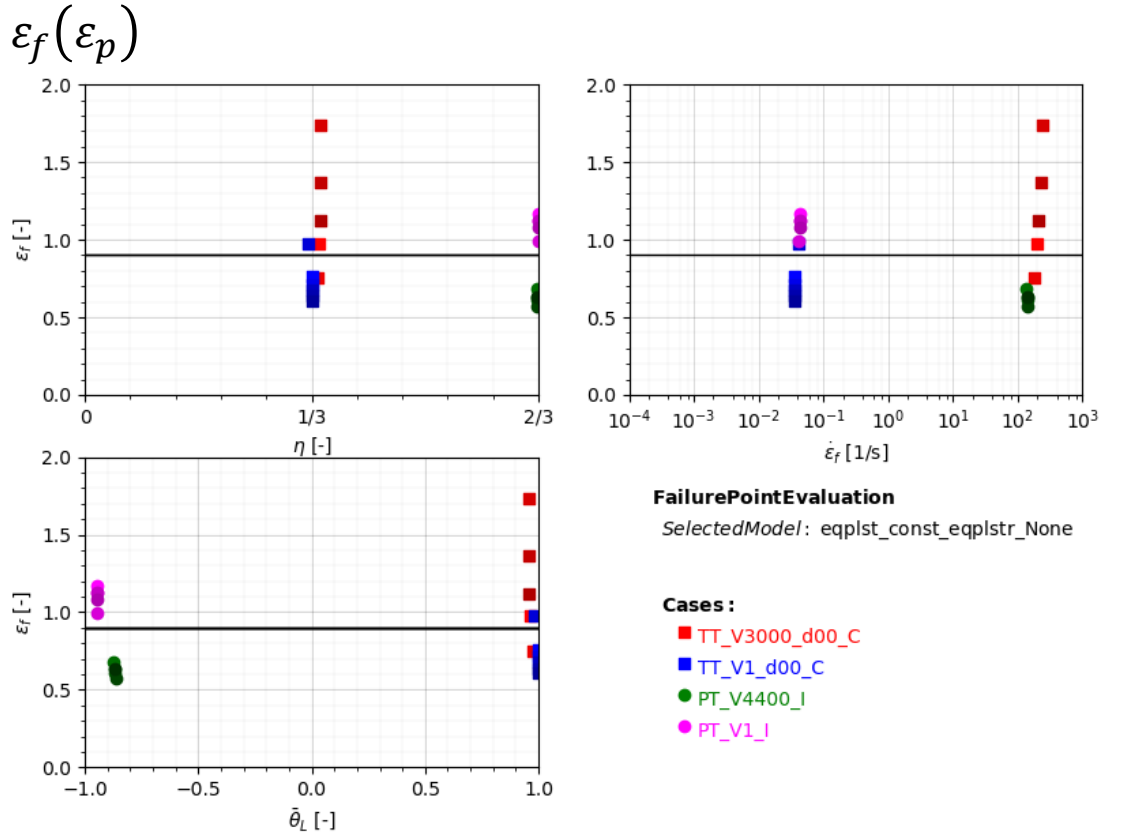
# Failure Fit Implementation

## Failure Model Evaluation – Simple Evaluation

- Failure Target Points
  - max occurrence of value at failure time from each test in each case
  - ignore not failed tests
- Failure Modell
  - parameter equals history variable
- Fitting
  - weight cases (equally, unequally, ...)



### Failure Target Points



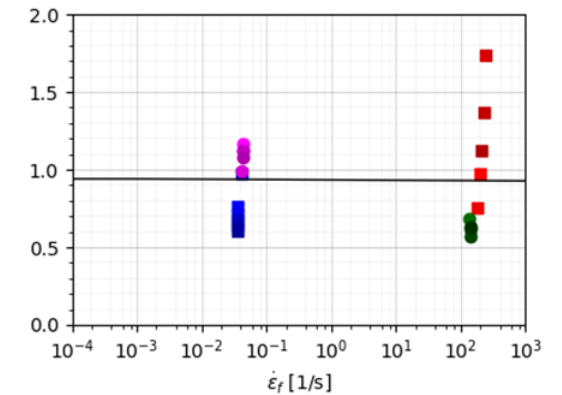
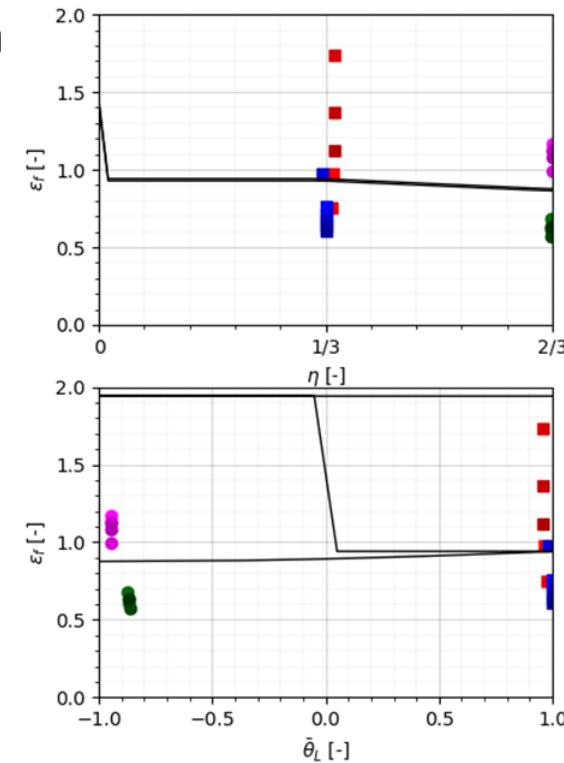
# Failure Fit Implementation

## Failure Model Evaluation – Max. equivalent plastic strain Evaluation

- Failure Target Points
  - failure dependent on multiple history variables → failure target points not obvious
  - simplified approach: use element/integration point with maximum equivalent plastic strain
- Failure Modell
  - function of several history variables
- Fitting
  - weight cases (equally, unequally, ...)
  - nonlinear least square fit

### Failure Target Points

$$\varepsilon_f(\varepsilon_p, \dot{\varepsilon}_p, \eta, \theta_{Lode})$$



#### FailurePointEvaluation

SelectedModel: eqplst\_4apointwiselinear\_eqplstr\_JC

#### Cases:

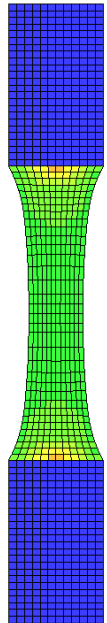
- TT\_V3000\_d00\_C
- TT\_V1\_d00\_C
- PT\_V4400\_I
- PT\_V1\_I

# Failure Fit Implementation

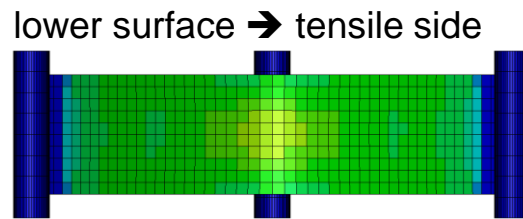
Failure Model Evaluation – Max. equivalent plastic strain Evaluation

- For the chosen load cases the stress states in the area of interest is similar
- For future developments
  - groupings in triaxiality buckets

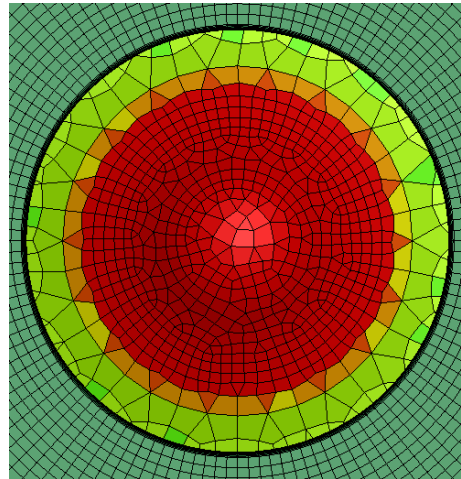
tensile test TT



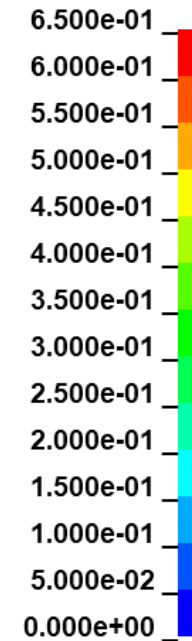
3-point bending 3PB



puncture test PT

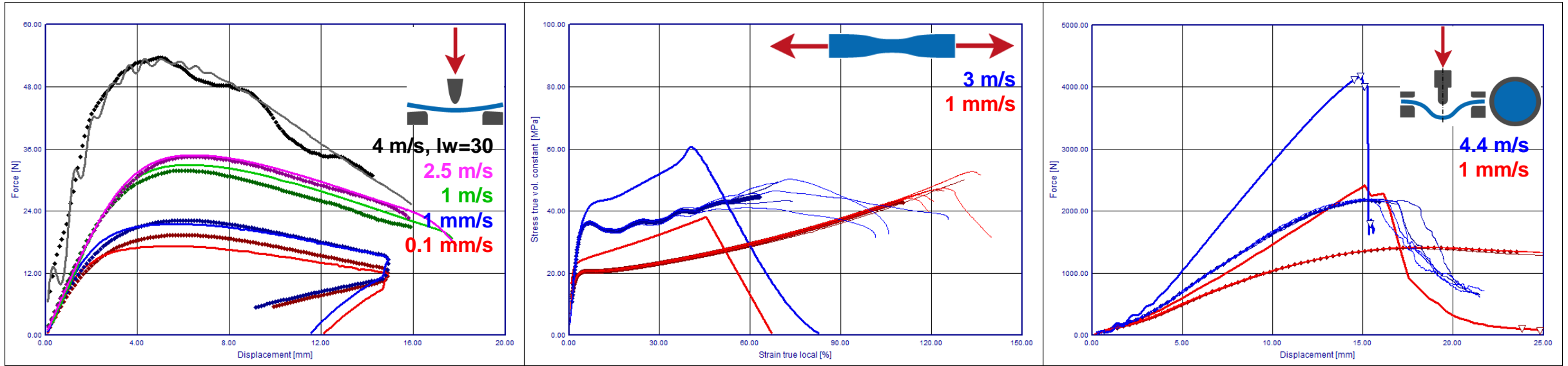


Triaxiality Factor (-p/vm)



# Failure Fit Results

\*MAT\_024 + MXEPS – Simple Evaluation

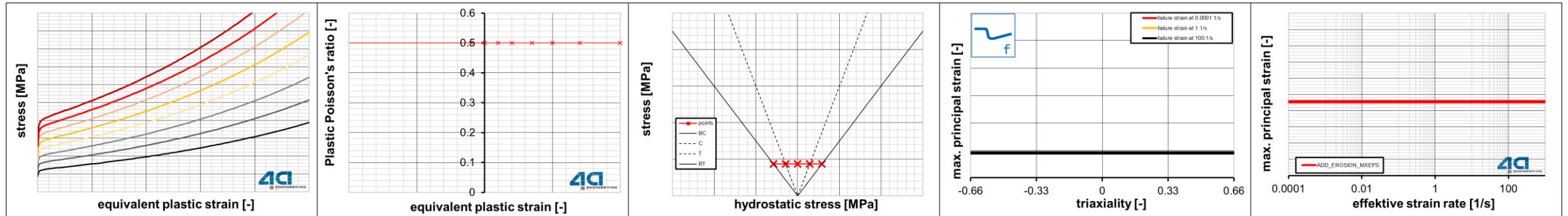


hardening

flow rule

yield surface

failure



◆◆◆ Mean value curve of measurements

— simulation results

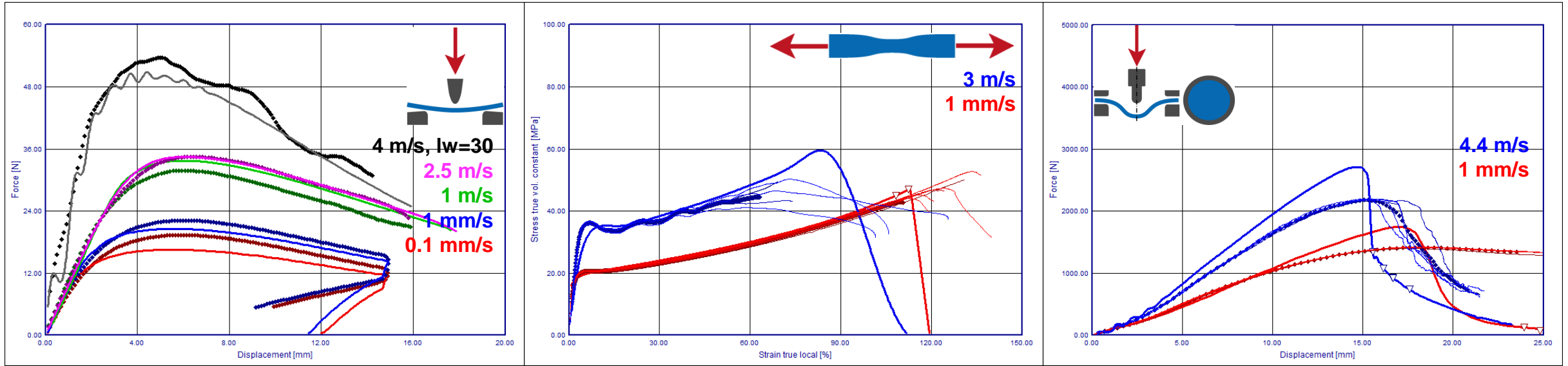
(— single measurement curve)  
 ▽ set failure time



# Failure Fit Results



\*MAT\_187L + DIEM – Max. equivalent plastic strain Evaluation

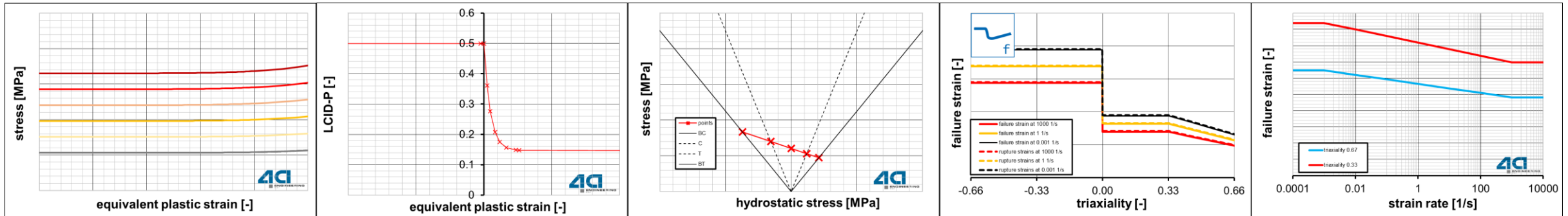


hardening

flow rule

yield surface

failure



◆◆◆ Mean value curve of measurements

— simulation results

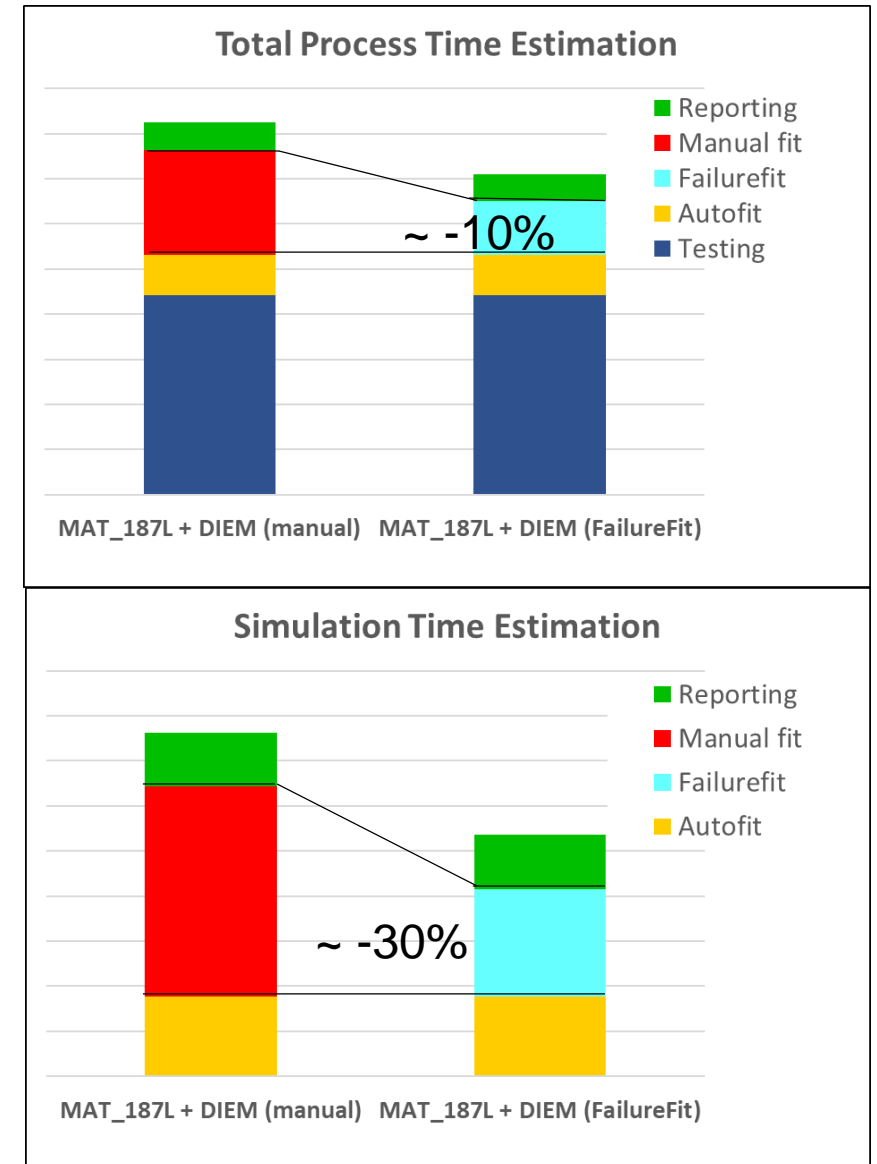
(— single measurement curve)  
 ▽ set failure time





# Summary/Conclusion

- Overview of material calibration process with VALIMAT
- Implementation of the Failure Fit in VALIMAT
  - gives reasonable results
  - reduces the total process time



# Summary/Conclusion

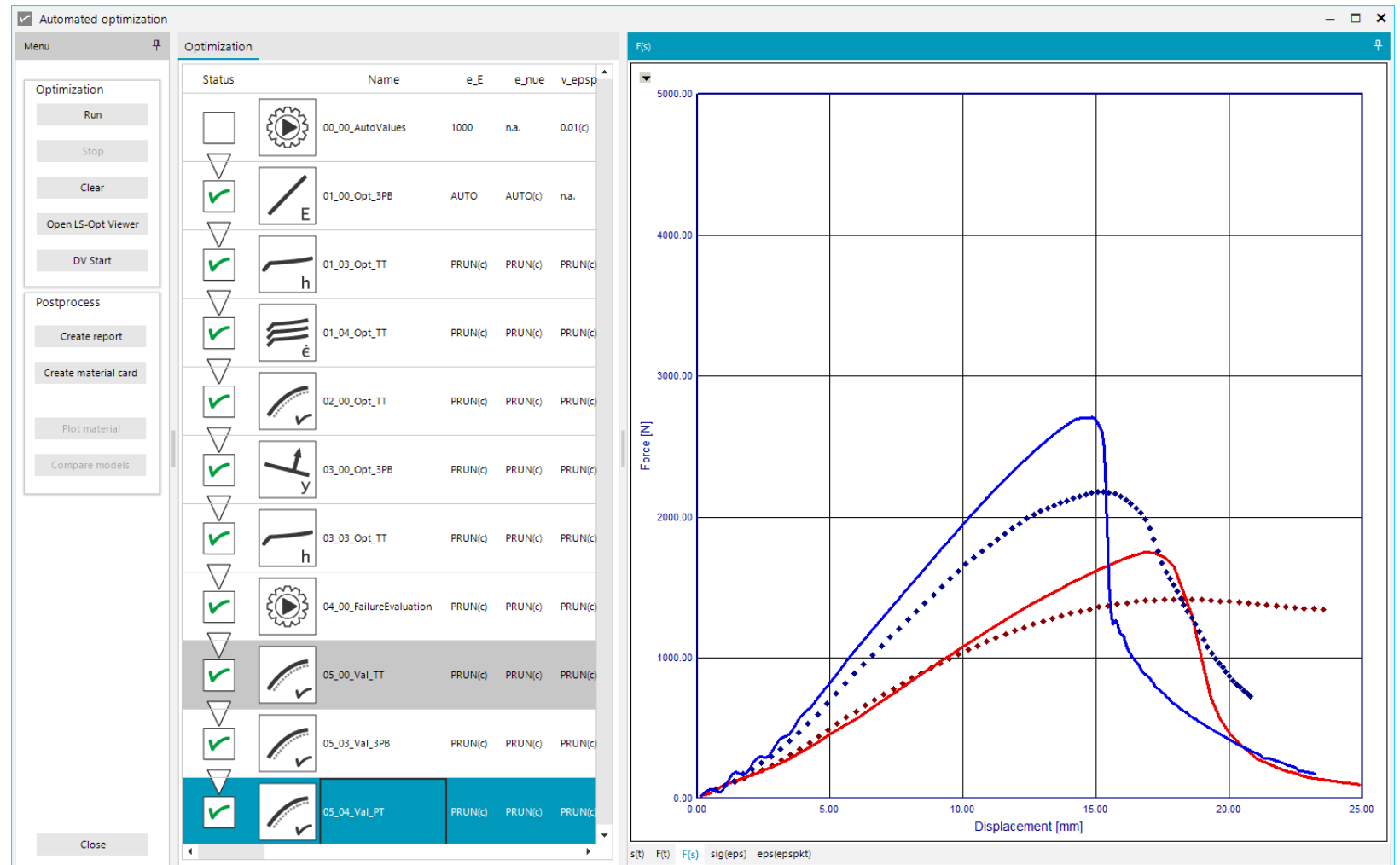


Standardized material characterization packages for your individual material class



<https://www.4a-engineering.at/downloads/matpackages.pdf>

Material Calibration increasingly automated with AutoFit & Failure Fit



# Thank you for your Attention!



more information on our software

$\alpha$   
Anisotropic

$\epsilon_p$   
Damage/Failure

$\Phi_p$   
Triaxiality

$\sigma_{vm}$   
Hardening

[www.4a-engineering.at/valimat](http://www.4a-engineering.at/valimat)



comprehensive test package overview

[www.4a-engineering.at/test-packages](http://www.4a-engineering.at/test-packages)

