



VALIMAT



IMPETUS

# 4a Summer School Efficient dynamic testing with IMPETUS®

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Traboch, 08.07.2020



## 1<sup>st</sup> week - Introduction and outlook



**07. July** - Introduction to VALIMAT<sup>®</sup> from test to material card



**08. July** - Efficient dynamic testing with IMPETUS<sup>®</sup>



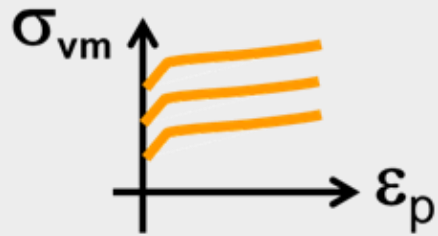
**09. July** - Material card generation: vonMises plasticity (\*MAT\_024), simple failure, setting up our Autofit



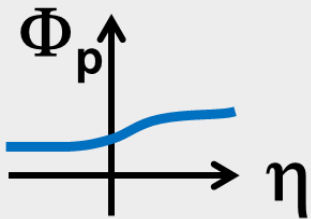
**10. July** - Summary: Lessons learned, outlook and upcoming features

# Intelligent reliable solutions for plastics, composites, metals, foams, ...

## ✓ VALIMAT



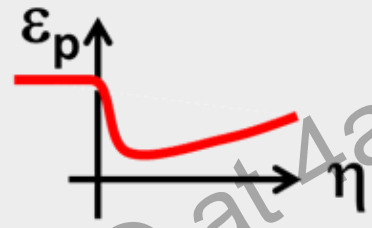
Hardening



Triaxiality



Anisotropic

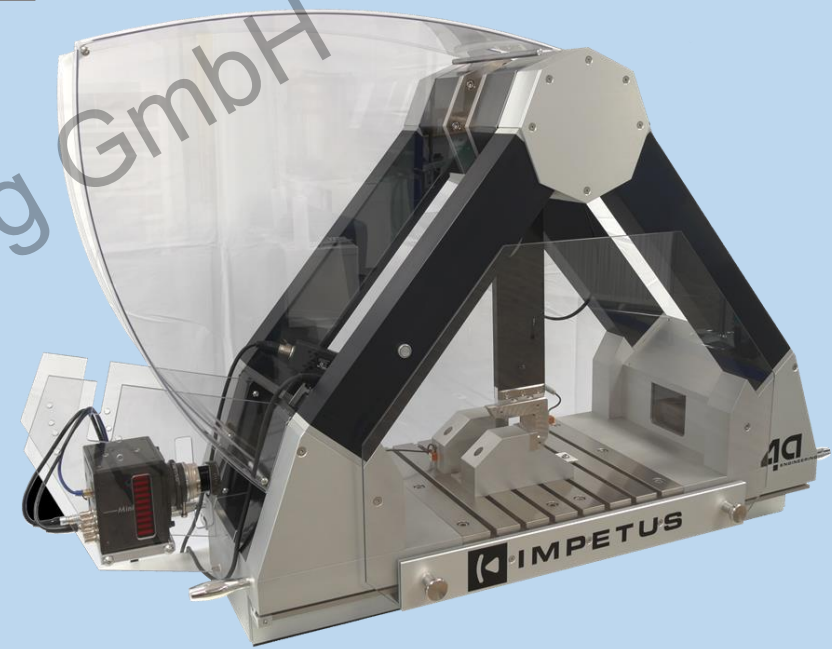


Damage/Failure

**for all material types**

from test to validated material cards

## ◀ IMPETUS



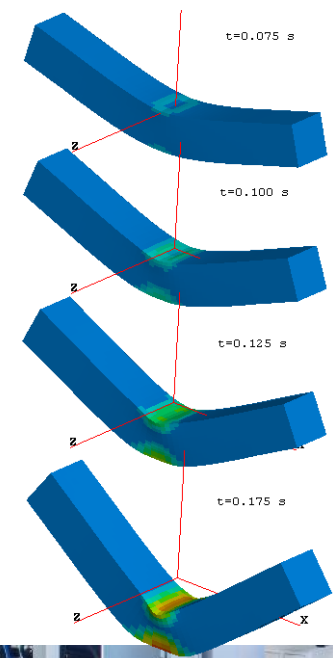
efficient dynamic testing

**plastics and composites**



# Material characterization - services

- efficient high-dynamic testing
- dynamic material behaviour
- plastics, foams, composites, ...
- **validated material cards ready to use for your crash-simulation**



# validated material cards - injection mold for plastics

Dom & Wall thickness



Melt- & Weldlines

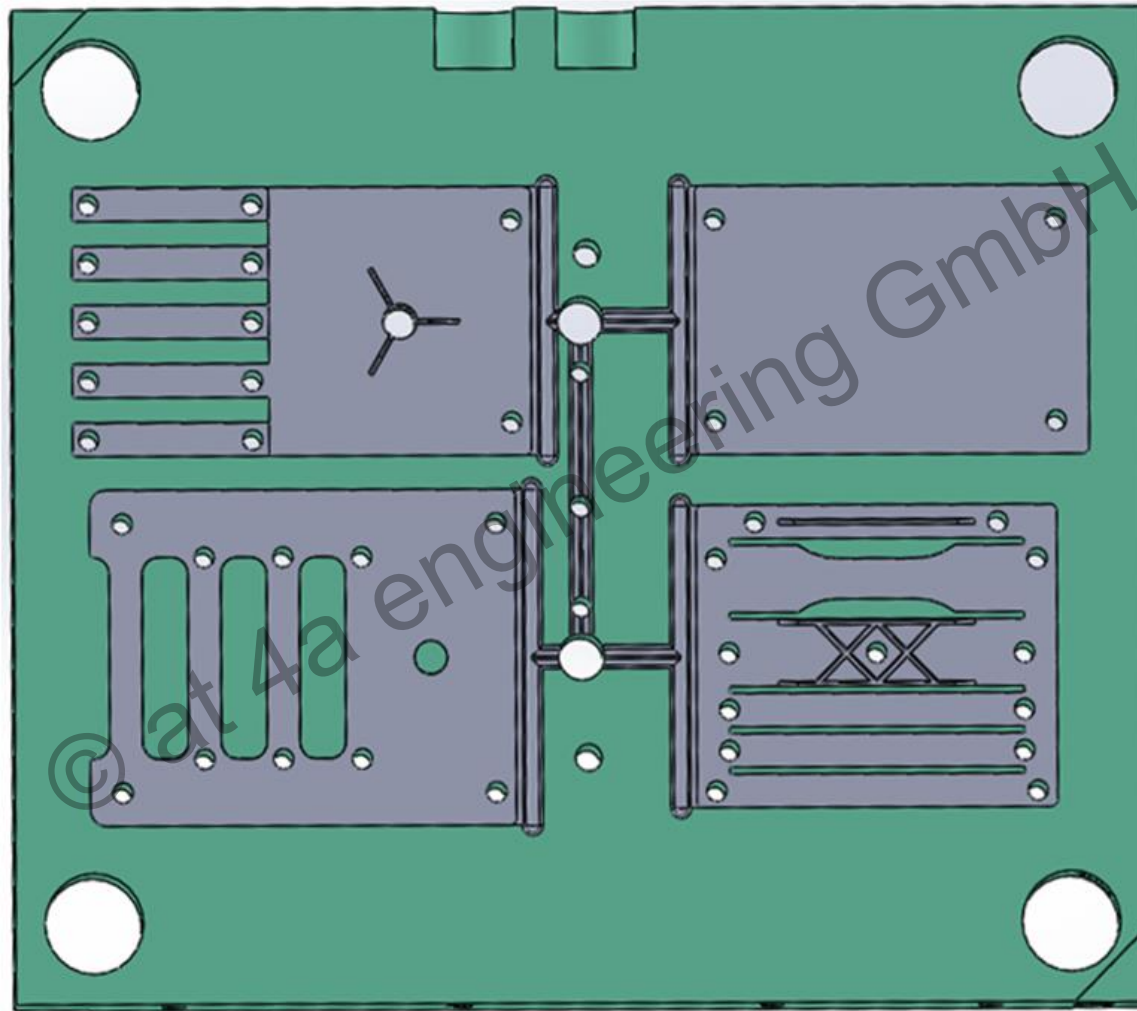
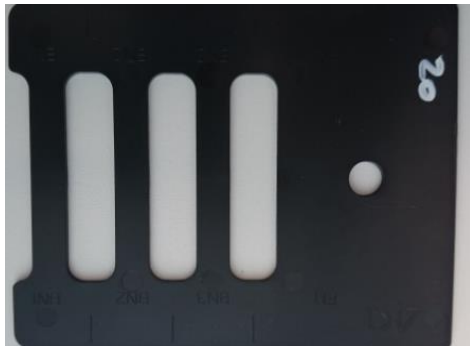


Plate 120 x 80 x 2 mm



Multi-Specimen & XX-Rib & Component



# validated material cards – packages

- isoP - isotropic Plastic
- frP – fibre reinforced Plastic
- comP - composite
- foam

Materialcard detail	basic	standard	prof.
strain rate/hardening	isoP & frP		
compression/tension asymmetry		isoP & frP	
damage/failure		isoP & frP	
validation on component			isoP & frP

Comprehensive overview



## 4a test packages

thermoplastic materials  
setups & measurement definition



excellence in ..  
from test to material card  
efficient dynamic testing for  
plastics, foams, composites, ...



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\*Standard package optionally includes temperature-based measurements

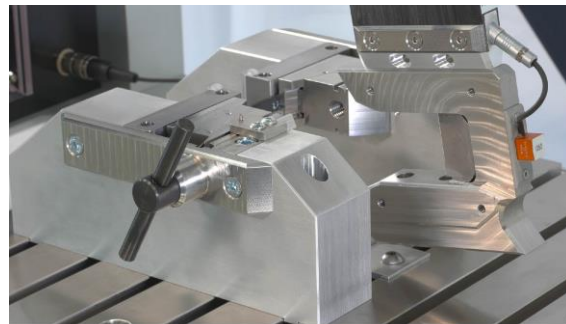




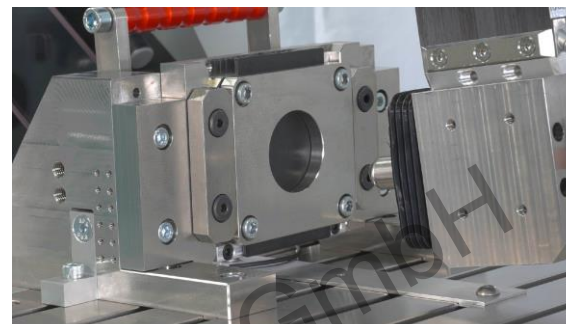
# IMPETUS® - configurations



**3 POINT BENDING**



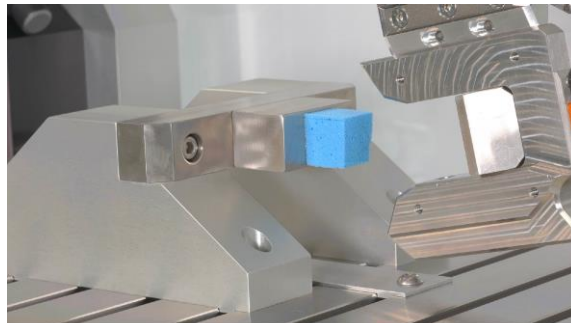
**TENSION BENDING**



**PUNCTURE TEST**



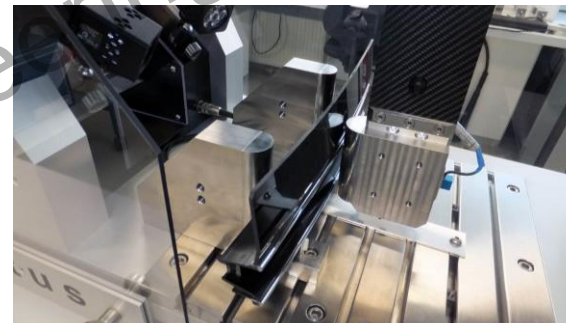
**TENSION TEST**



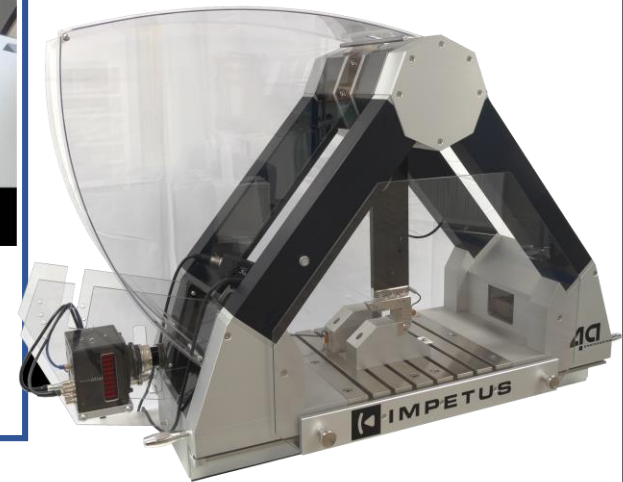
**COMPRESSION TEST**



**SAMPLE MAGAZIN**



**COMPONENT TEST**



BASIC

STANDARD

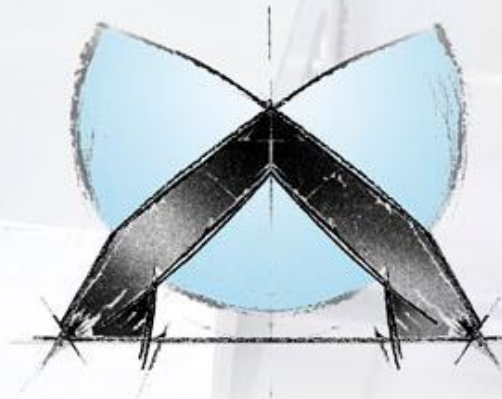
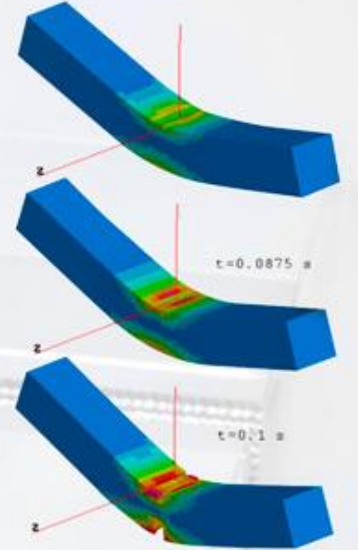
PROFESSIONAL

# efficient dynamic testing



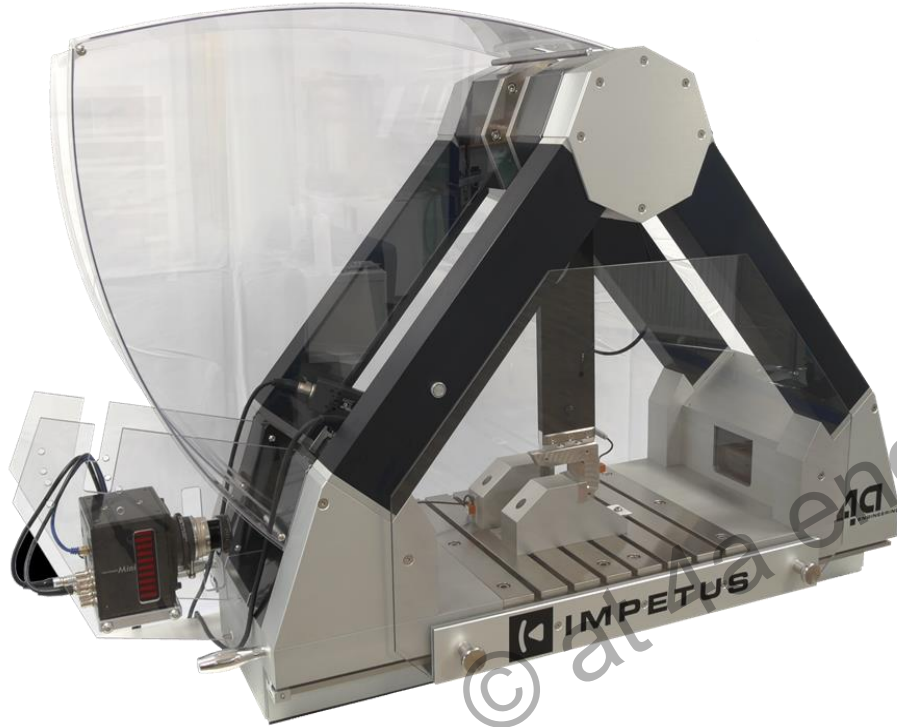
## IMPETUS

engineering plastics production  
excellence in testing  
simulation  
concepts simulation  
lightweight prototypes





# IMPETUS® data specification



## technical specifications

maximum energy	50J
length of swing arm	500mm
mass of swing arm	1.5 - 3.0kg
impact velocity	0.5 - 4.4m/s

## weights and dimensions

L x W x H	1400 x 600 x 850mm
mass	165kg

## desk load and dimensions minimum required

L x W x H	1500 x 800 x 800mm
minimum load	250kg

## electrical supply data

230 VAC 50 Hz	0.5A
115 VAC 60 Hz	1.0A

## 5V camera trigger

output level high	>2.5V
output level low	<0.5V

Highspeed camera is an optional equipment and can be ordered separately.

# Photron High Speed Camera data specification

FASTCAM	NOVA S6 800K	NOVA S9 900K	NOVA S12 1000K
CMOS Image Sensor	1024 x 1024	1024 x 1024	1024 x 1024 px
max. fps full resolution	6400	9000	12800 fps
max. Frame Rate	800000	900000	1000000 fps
Light Sensitivity	64000	64000	64000 ISO
L x W x H	217.2 x 120 x 120	217.2 x 120 x 120	217.2 x 120 x 120 mm
weight	3.3	3.3	3.3 kg

**Photron**



# Vision Devices lighting data specification

## LED VD7000

operating voltage	24 - 36 V
rated power	17 - 72 W
Luminous flux	2100 lm
Luminous flux boost	7280 lm
color temperature	6000 K
L x W x H	100 x 46 x 46 mm



The screenshot displays the 4a impetus software interface, divided into several key sections:

- Test Database (Top Left):** Shows test data for ID 140908\_031. The specimen is named '2\_L2' with a mass of 1.2117 and a density of 996.1259765625. A 3D diagram of the specimen is shown with dimensions L, Lw, and b. A red '1' is overlaid on the diagram.
- Measurement Curves (Top Right):** A graph showing Channels I1 over Time [s]. The x-axis ranges from 0.00 to 0.07, and the y-axis ranges from -0.37 to 1.10. Two curves are plotted: a blue curve (channel 0) and a red curve (channel 50). A yellow box labeled '2' highlights a region of the red curve between 0.04 and 0.07 seconds.
- Material Idealization (Bottom Left):** Shows settings for material 161116\_009. The system of units is t-mm-sec-MPa, and the solver is LS DYNA. The idealization type is Shell. A mathematical equation is displayed: 
$$\sigma_y + e_E \cdot \epsilon_{pl} \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{h_{ET} \cdot \epsilon_{pl}}{e_B} \right) \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{e_B}{h_{pl}} \right)^3$$
 A green '3' is overlaid on the equation.
- Force vs. Displacement (Bottom Right):** A graph showing Force [N] versus Displacement [mm]. The x-axis ranges from 0.00 to 11.94, and the y-axis ranges from 0.04 to 7.79. Multiple curves are plotted, representing different material models. A blue box labeled '4' highlights the curves.

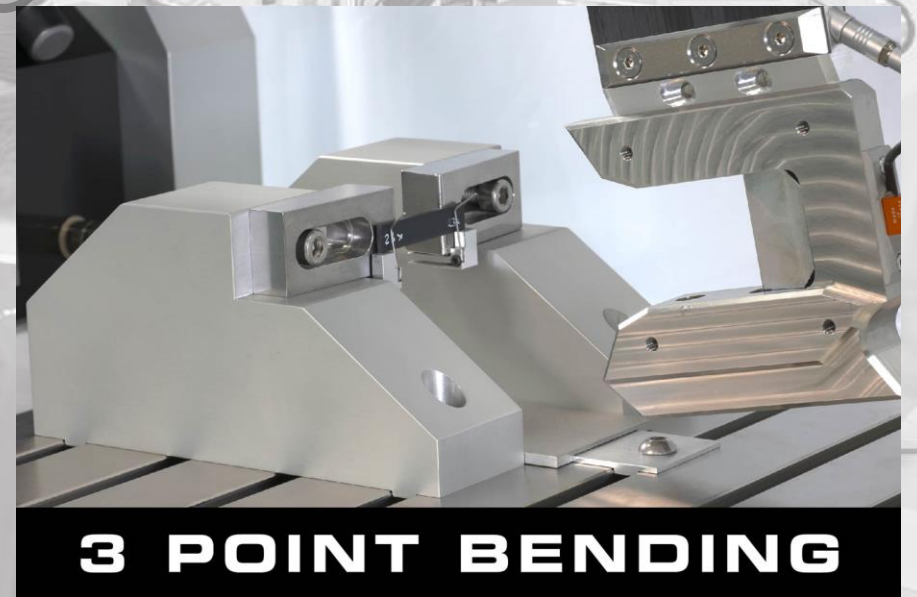
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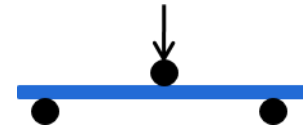
# IMPETUS

measurement technique

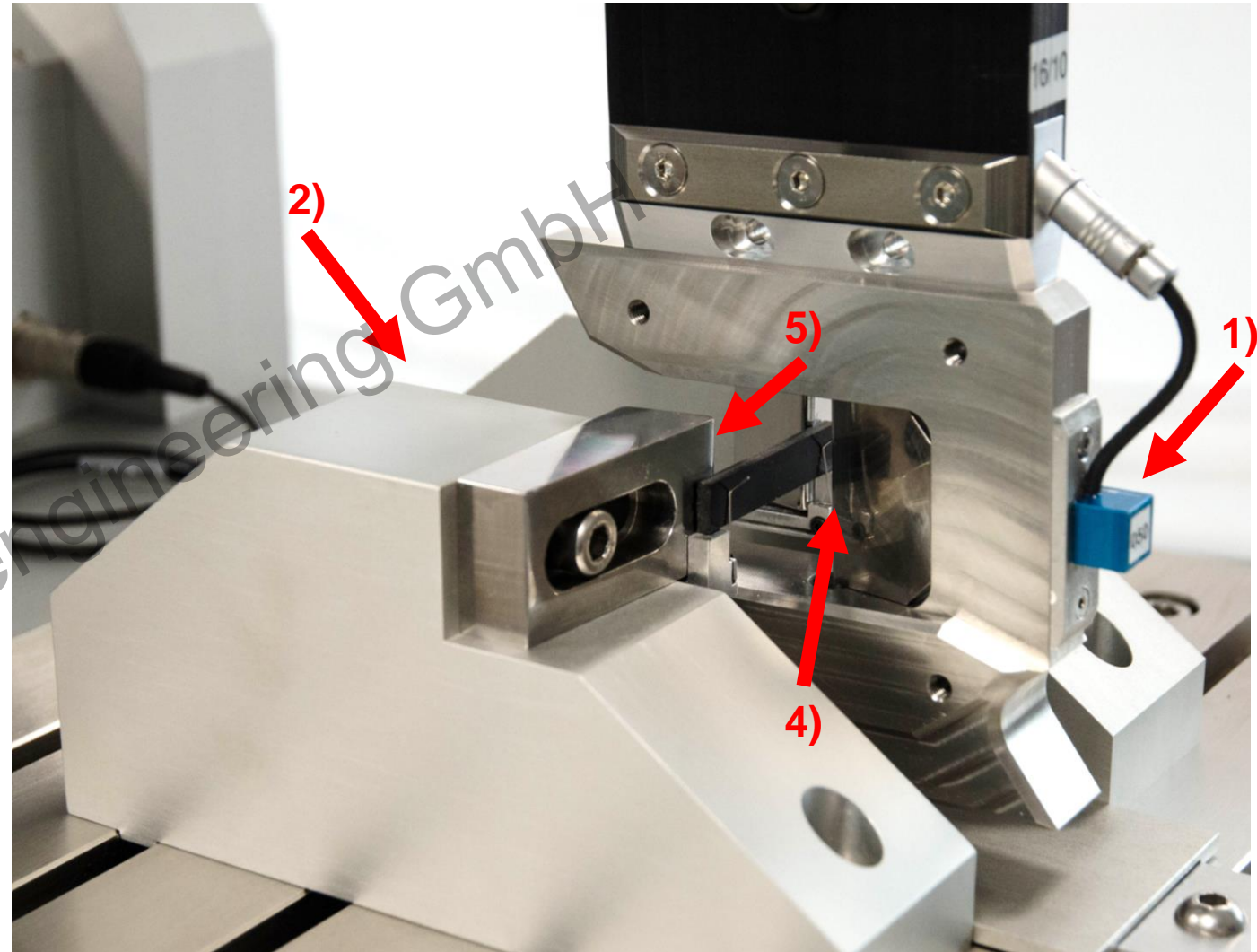
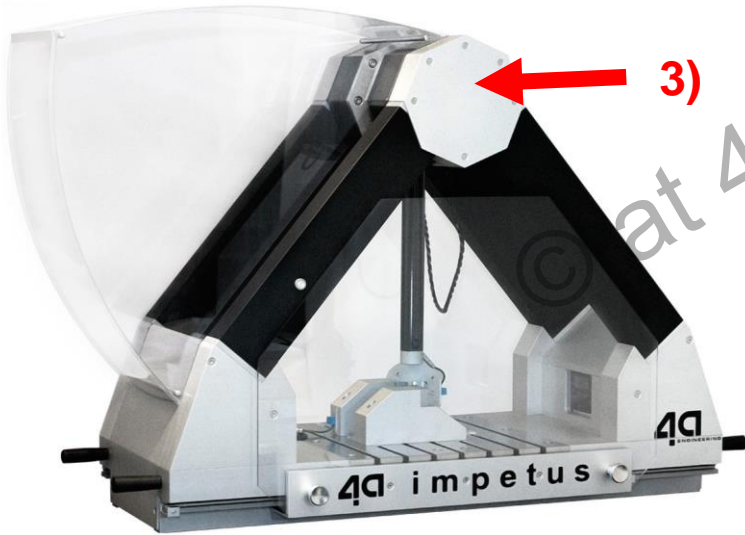


I N P H Y S I C S W E T R U S T

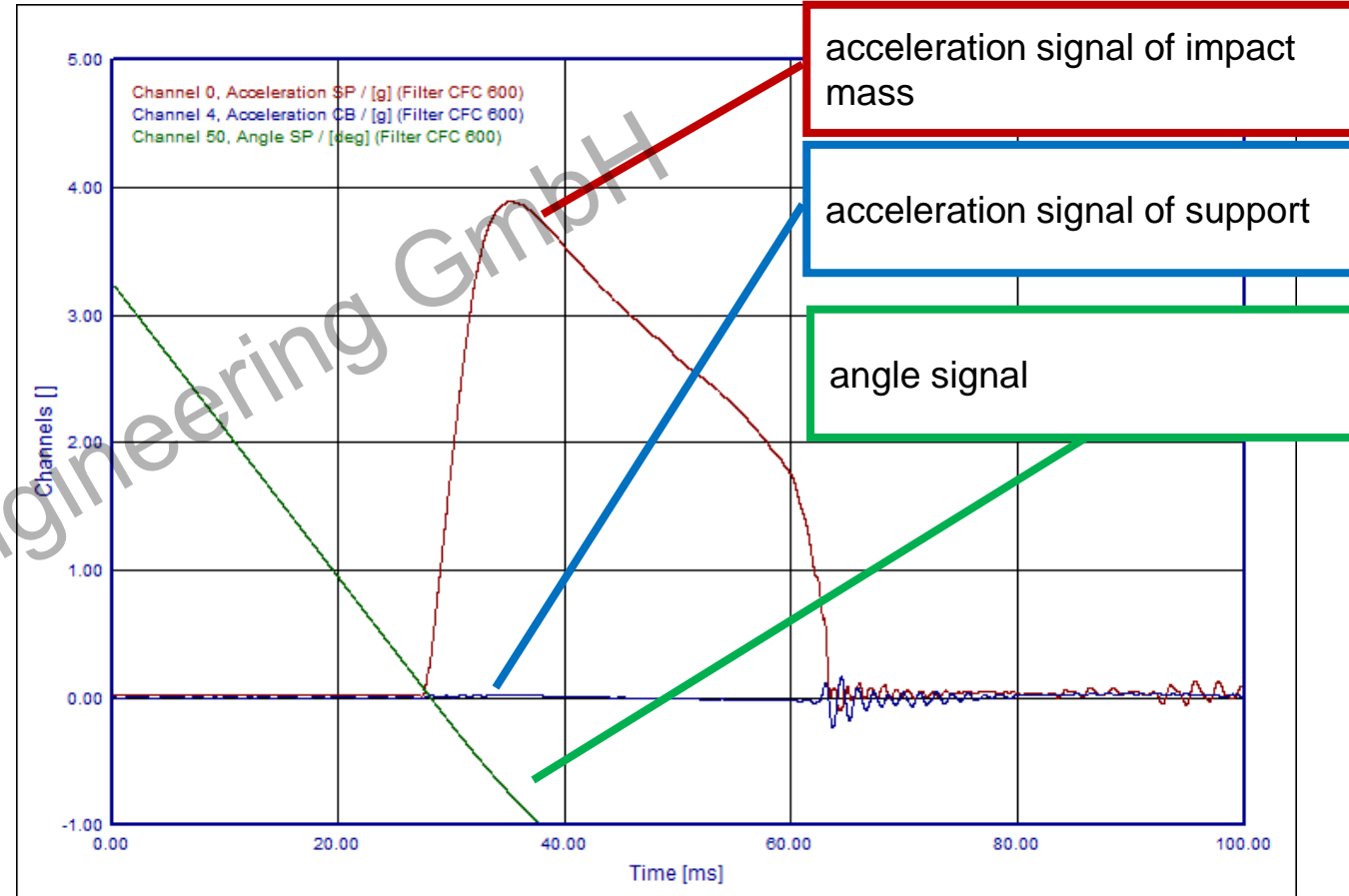
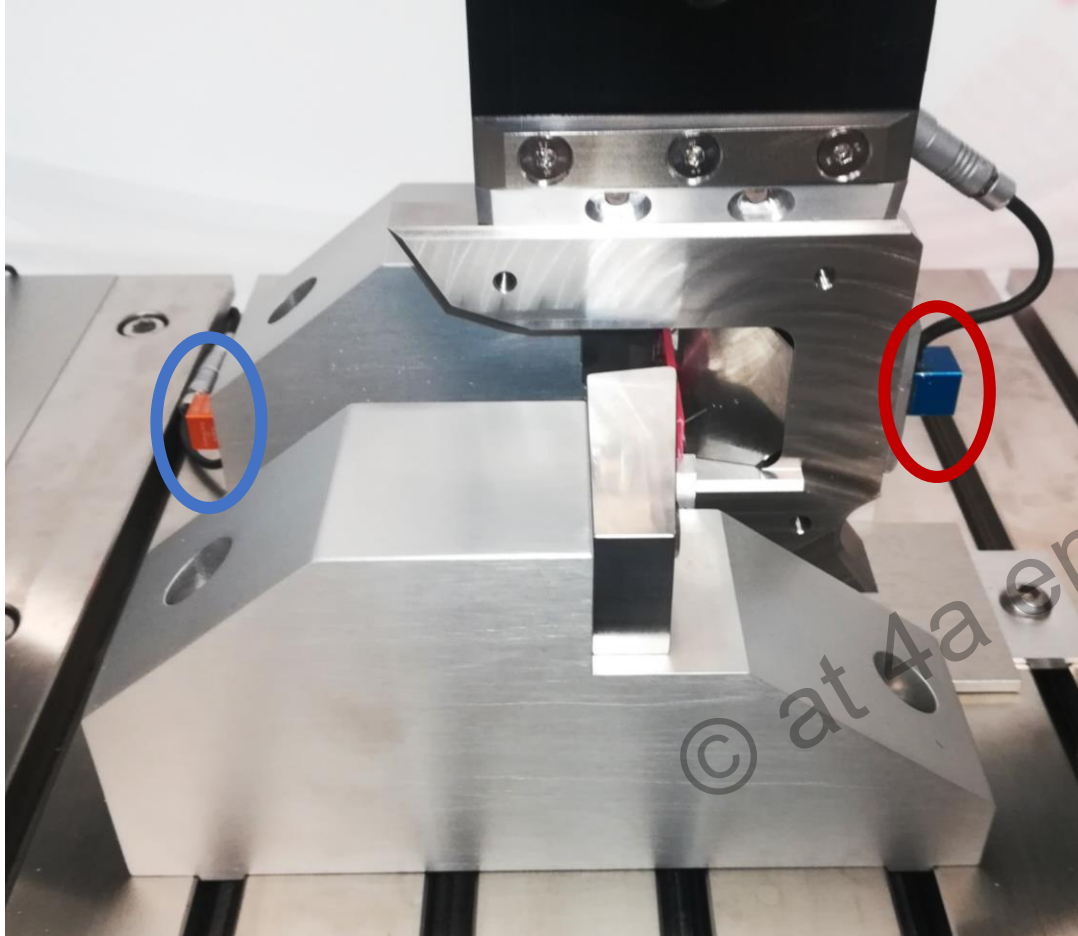
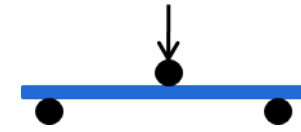
# Test setup – IMPETUS® 3-Point-Bending



- 1) acceleration sensor on pendulum head
- 2) acceleration sensor on counter bearing
- 3) angle sensor
- 4) radius of the fin: 2 mm
- 5) support radius: 2 mm
- 6) swing hammer mass: 1580 g



# Measurement signals – IMPETUS® 3-Point-Bending

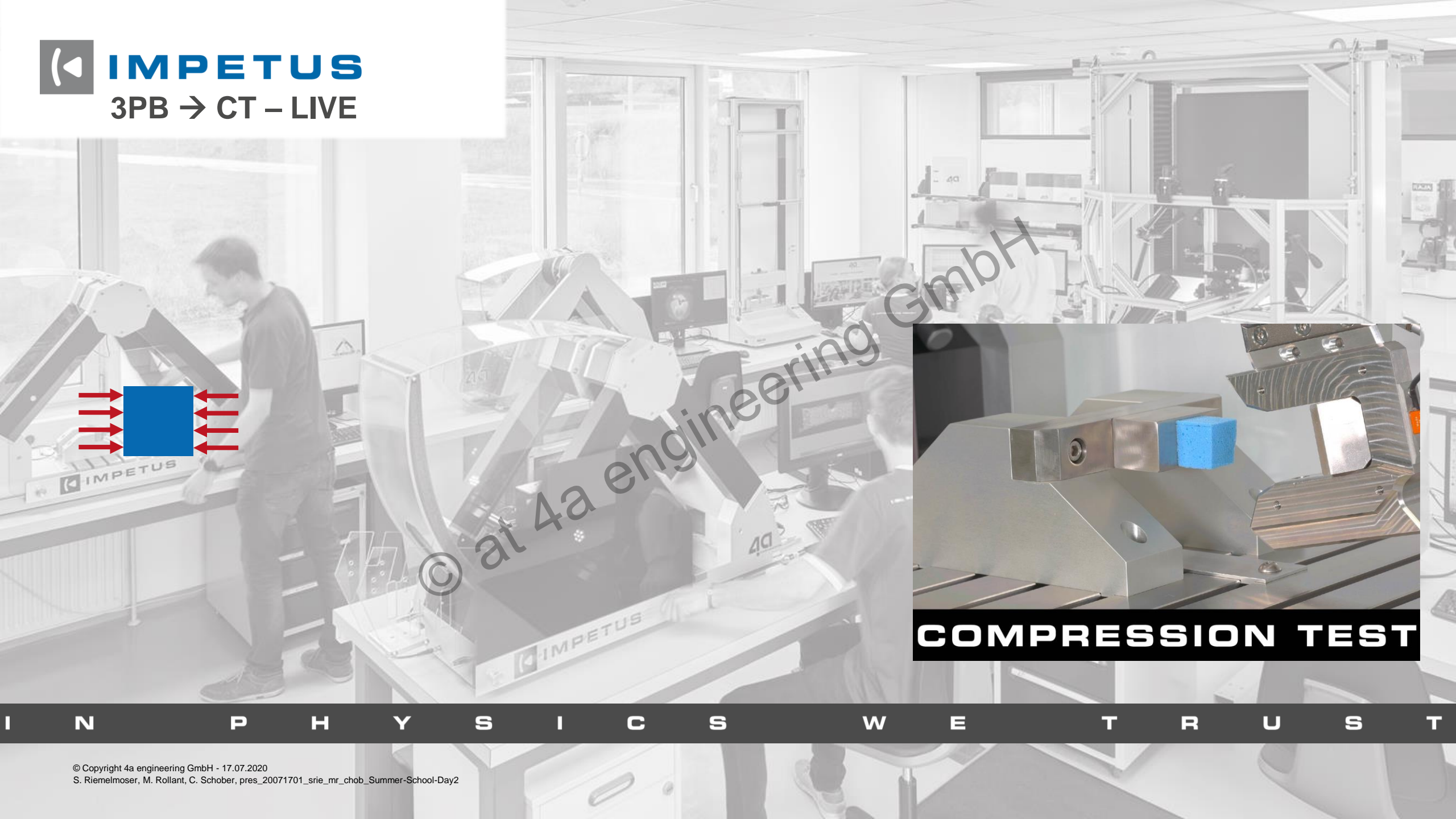




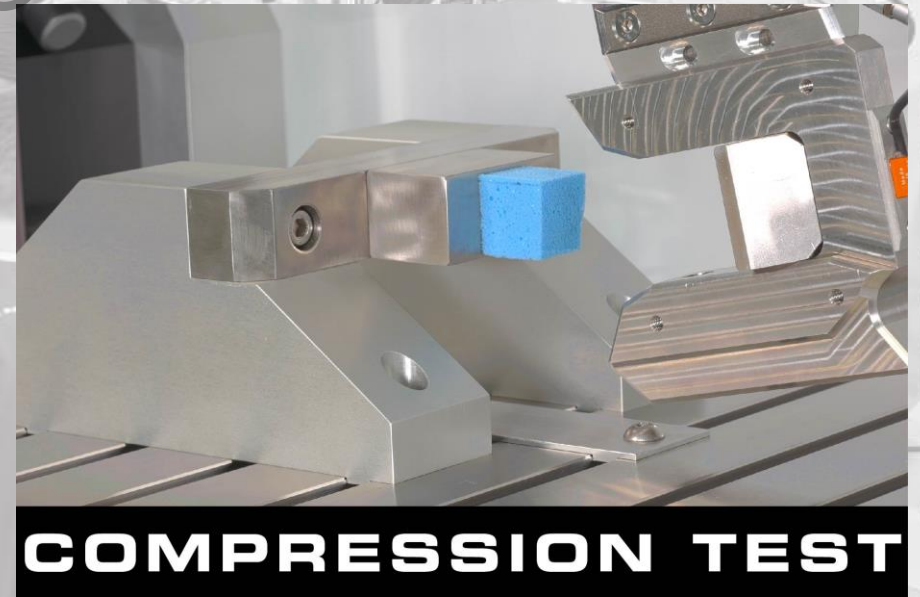


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I N P H Y S I C S W E T R U S T



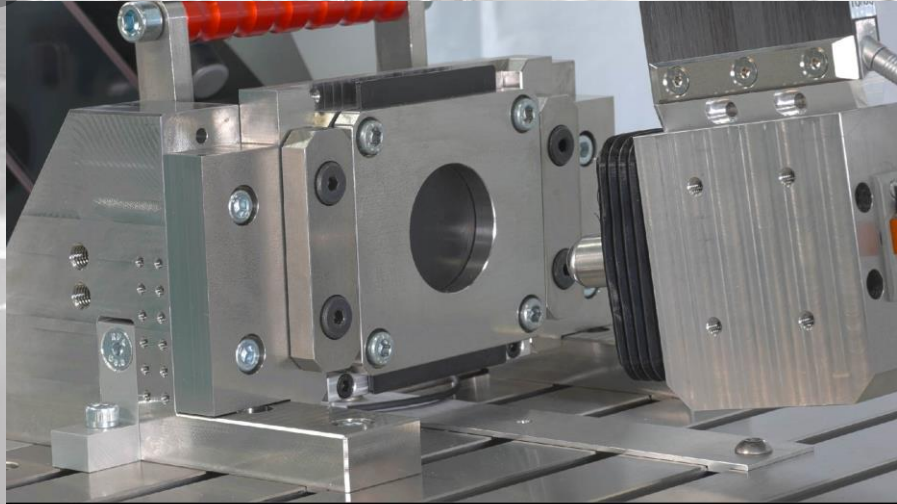
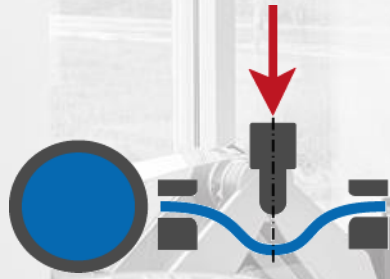
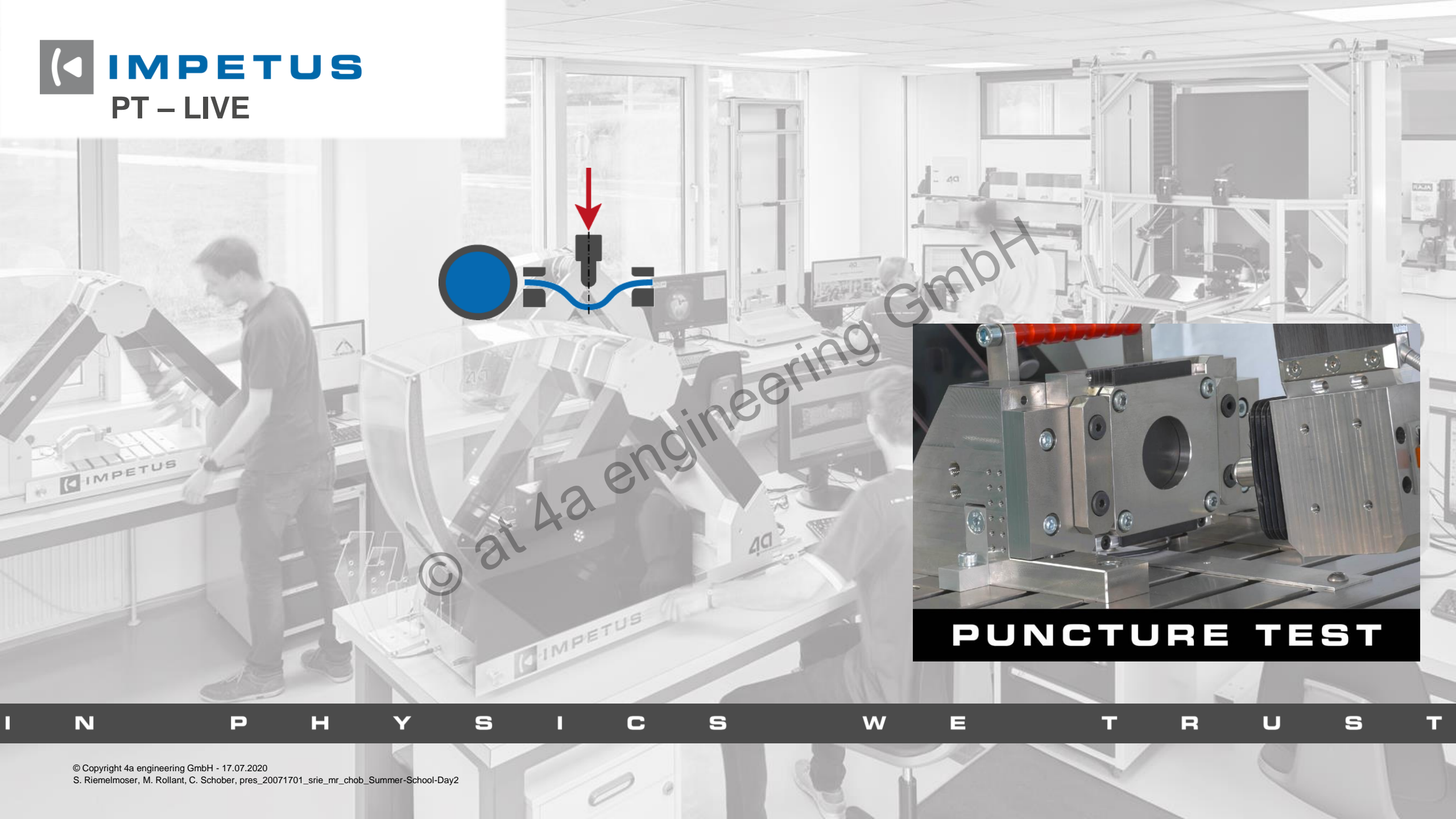
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**COMPRESSION TEST**

I N P H Y S I C S W E T R U S T



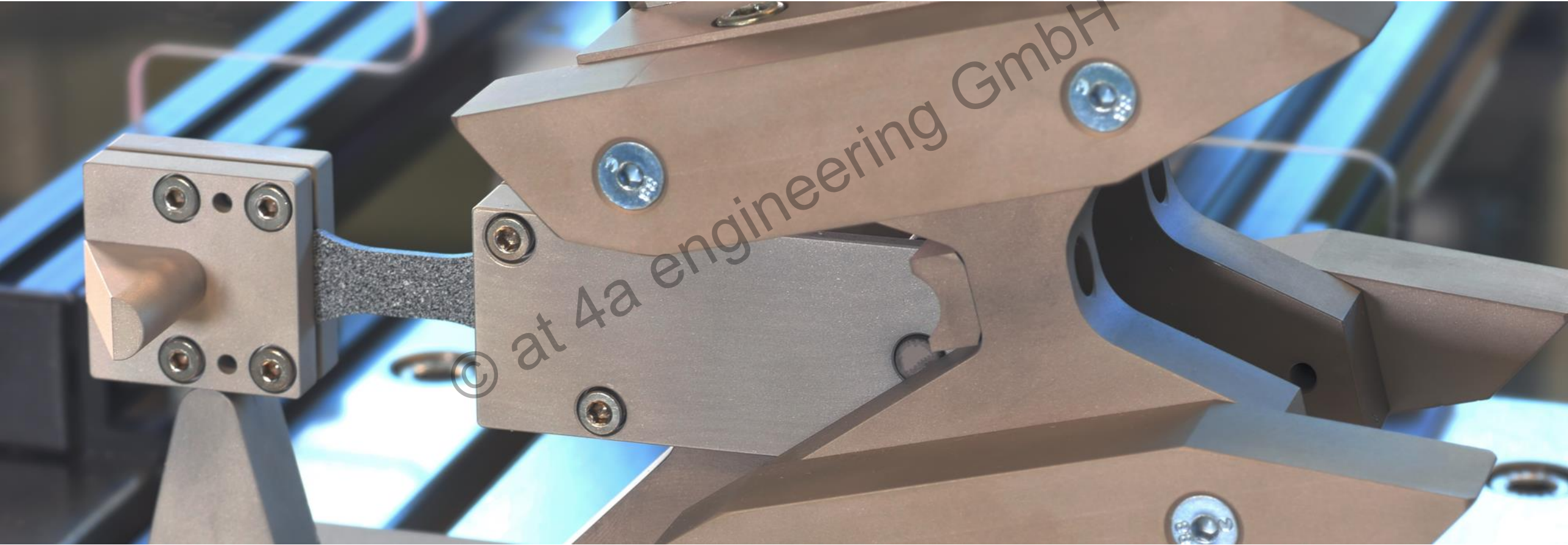


**PUNCTURE TEST**

I N P H Y S I C S W E T R U S T

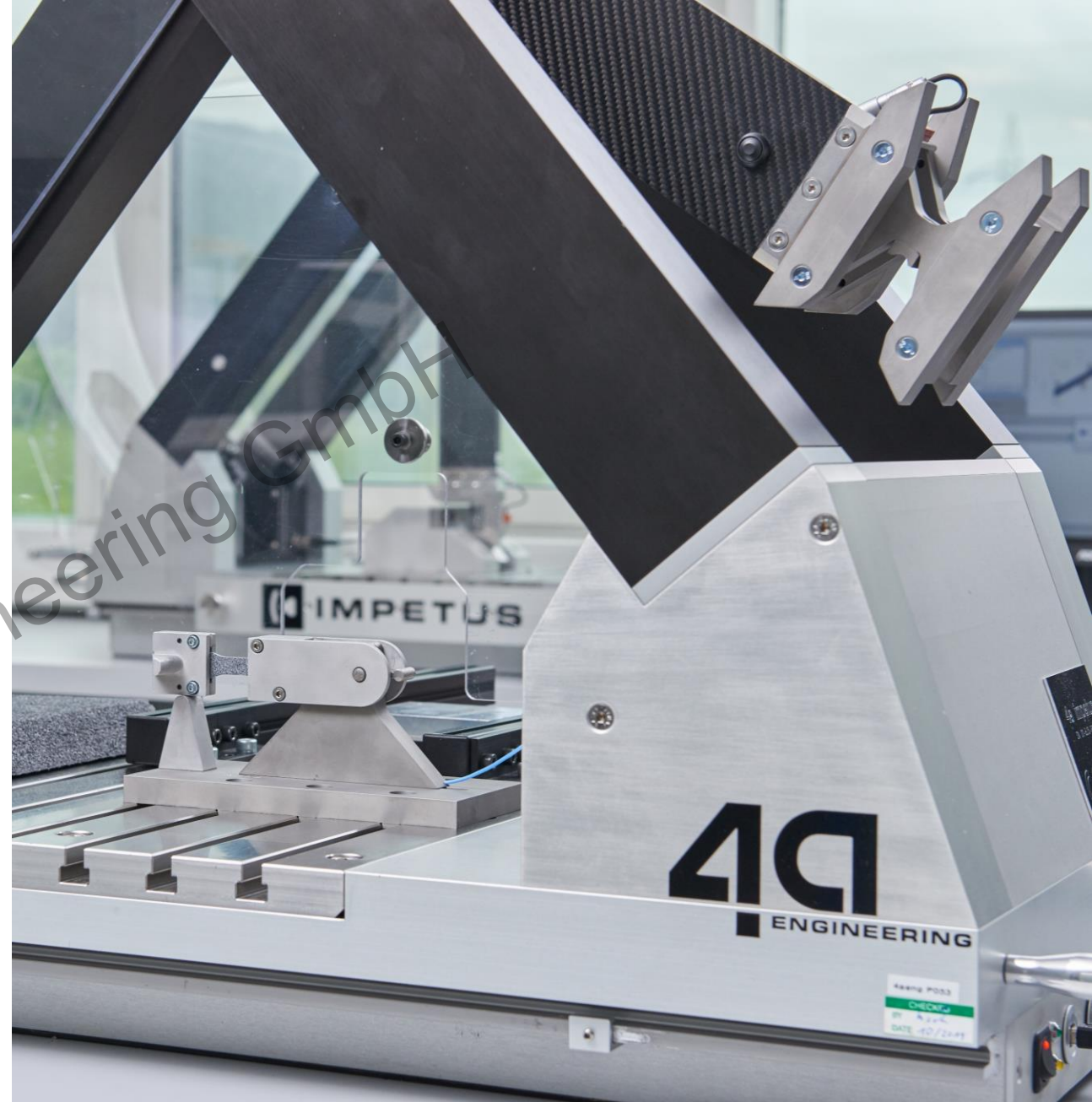
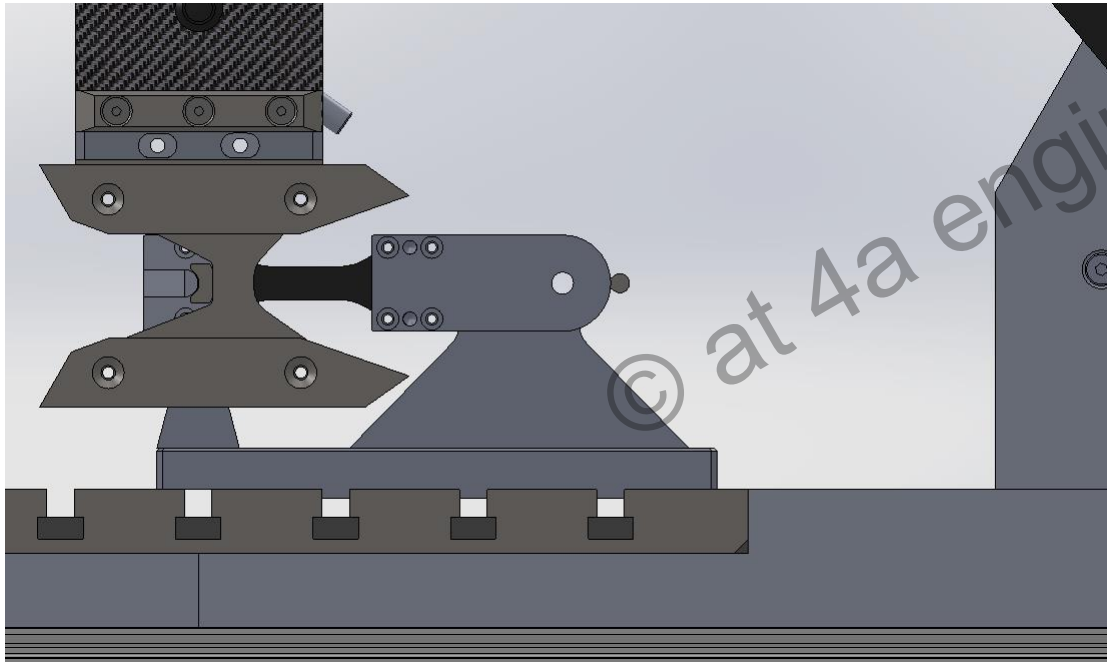


# IMPETUS<sup>®</sup> - new efficient dynamic tensile test



# IMPETUS® - dynamic tensile test

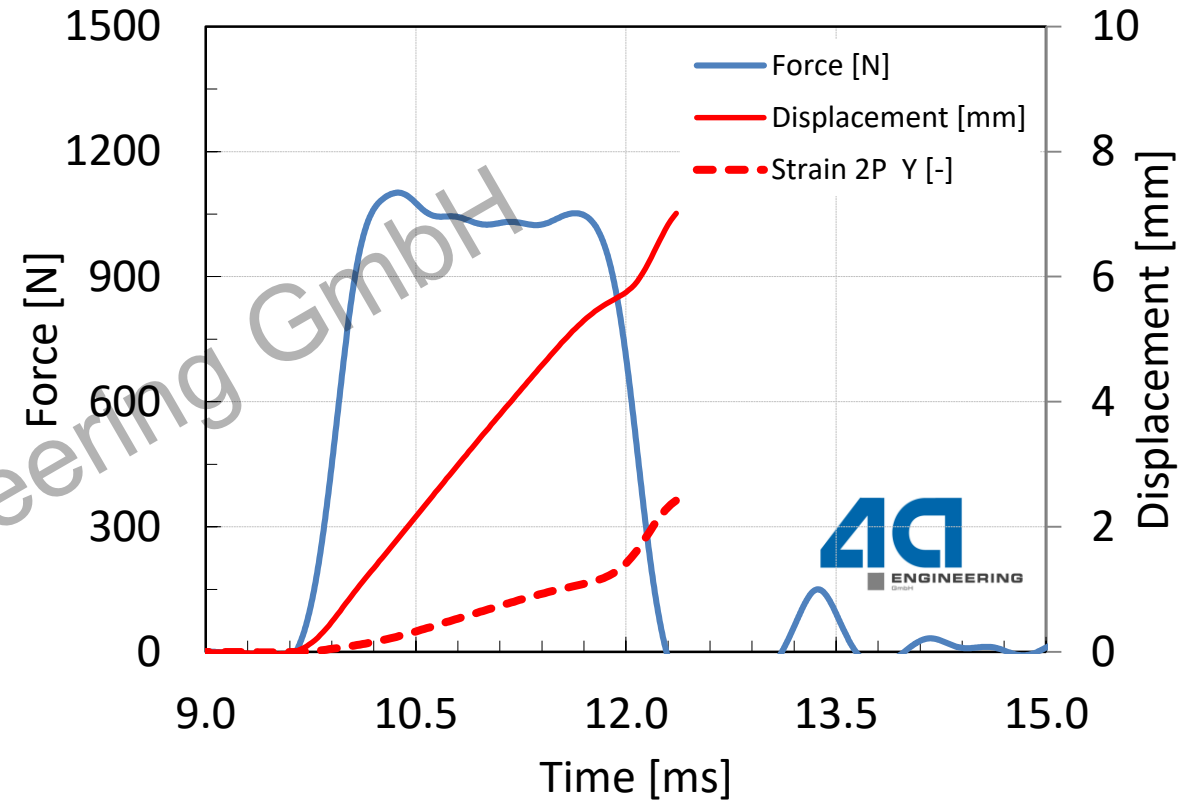
- Hardware consists of 3 main parts
  - counter bearing system
  - sample clamping
  - pendulum impactor head→ Ease of use operation!



# Measurement technique

What we basically measure during the test?

- Time [ms]
  - time-synchronous data is essential
- Force [N]
  - piezo load cell 20 kN
- Stroke [mm]
  - incremental angle sensor
  - **digital image correlation (DIC)** →

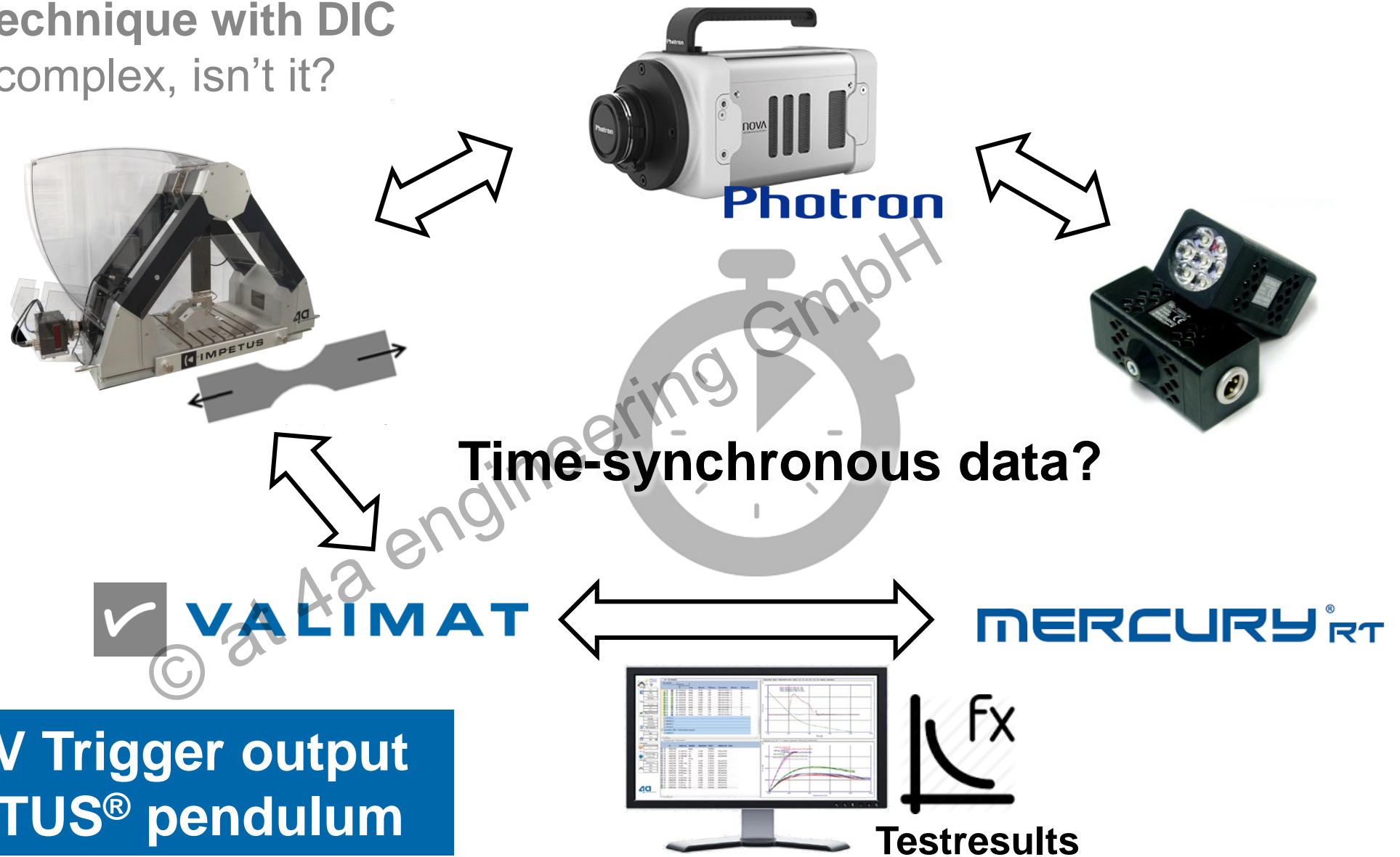


Now it's getting complex, isn't it?



# Measurement technique with DIC

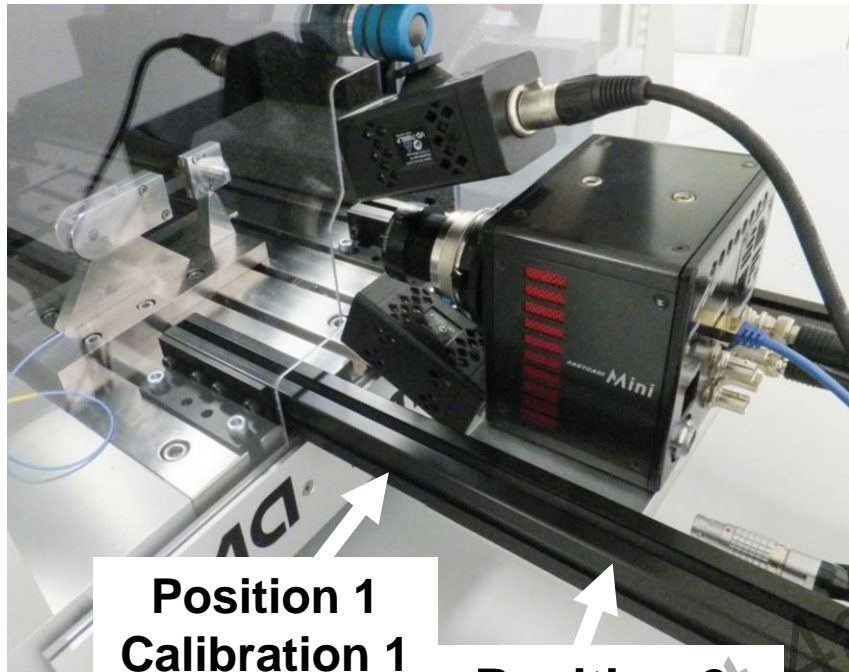
Now it's getting complex, isn't it?



**Integrated 5V Trigger output  
at the IMPETUS<sup>®</sup> pendulum**

# Measurement technique with DIC

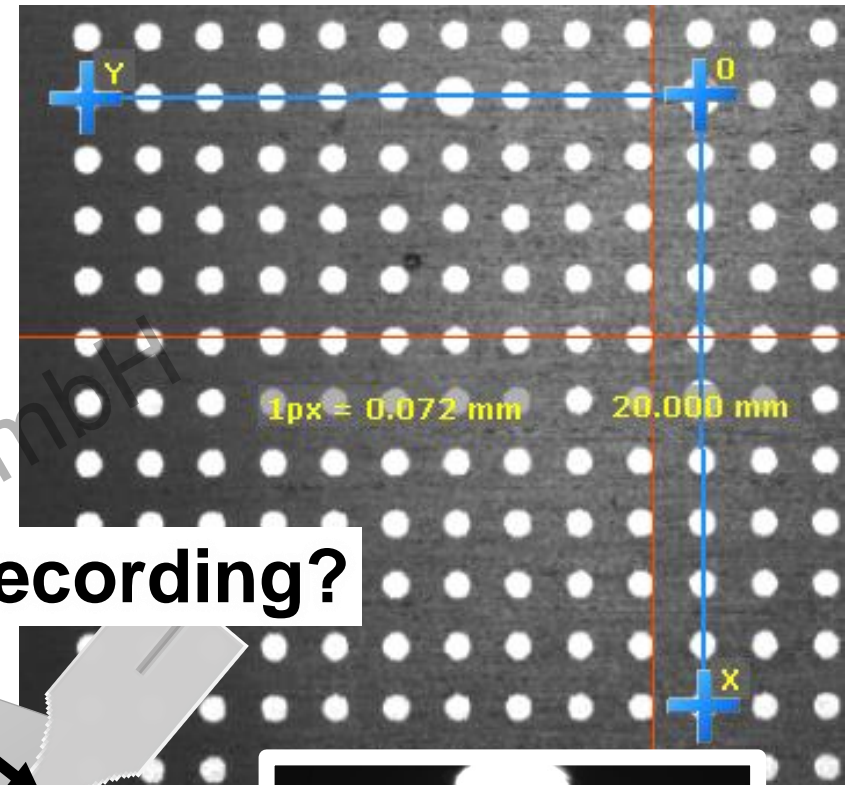
Now it's getting complex, isn't it?



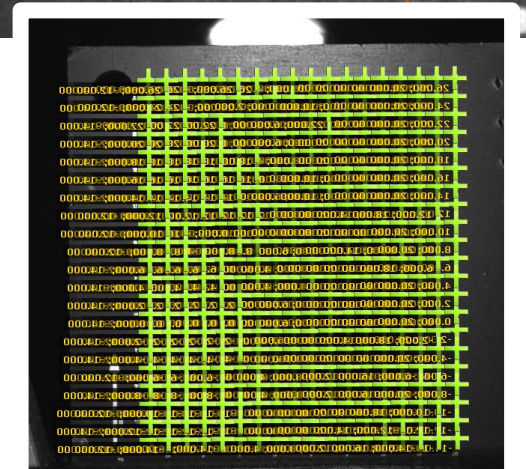
Position 1  
Calibration 1

Position 2  
Calibration 2

**Predefined camera positions attached to the pendulum**

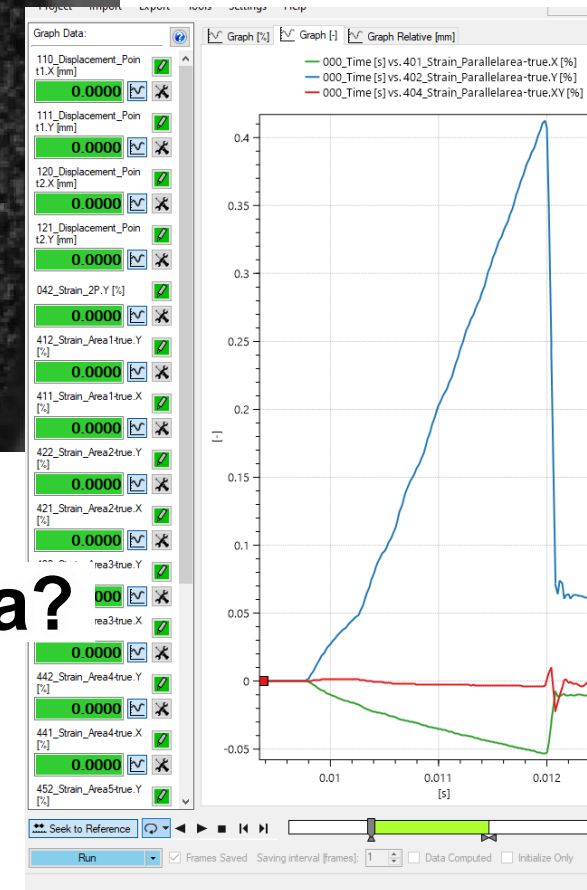
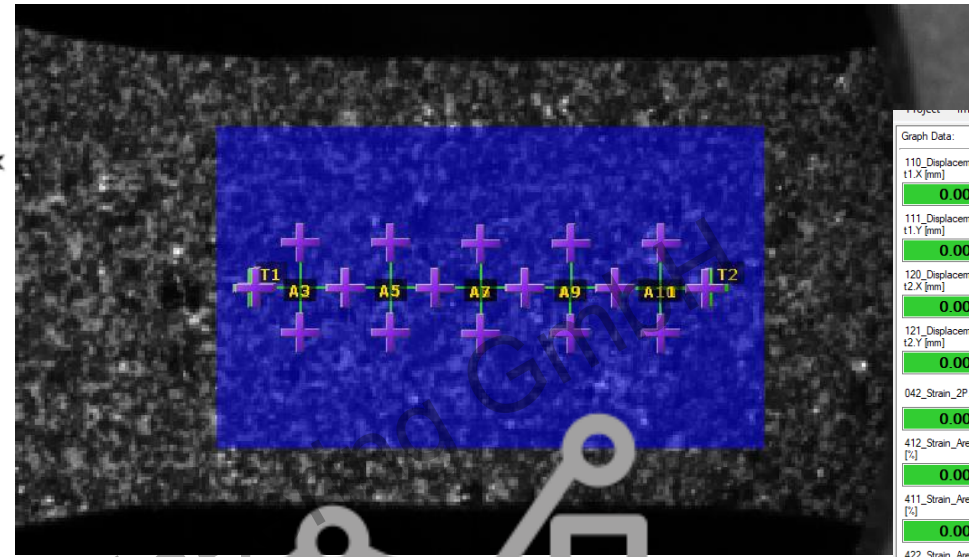
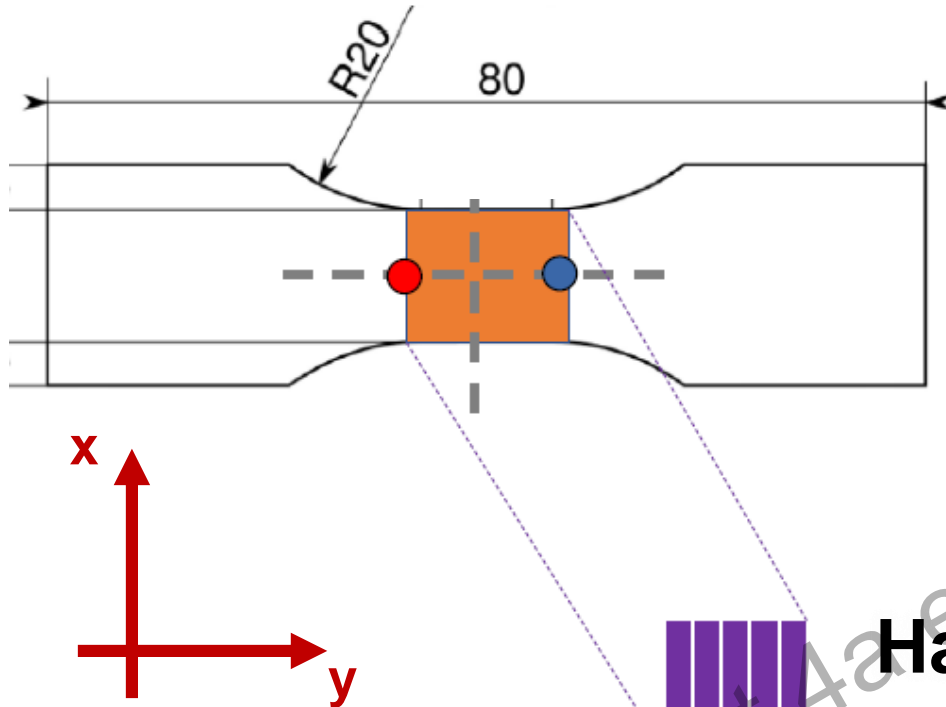


**Calibrated DIC recording?**



# Measurement technique with DIC

Now it's getting complex, isn't it?



Handling the recorded data?

DIC "standard" nomenclature for optical measurement data

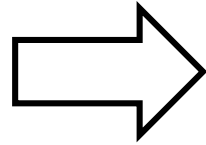


# Measurement technique with DIC

It's not complicated!

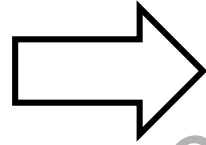


Integrated 5V Trigger output at the IMPETUS® pendulum



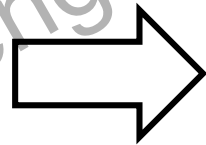
**Time-synchronous data!**

Predefined camera positions attached to the pendulum

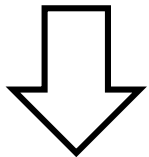


**Calibrated DIC recording!**

DIC "standard" nomenclature for optical measurement data



**Easy data handling!**



**Efficient dynamic testing!**

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## Testing procedure

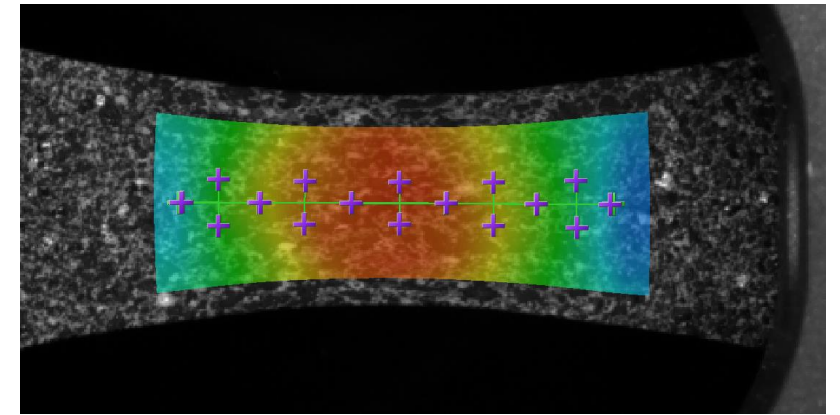
- Sample preparation with the speckle pattern
- Attaching the jig to the specimen
- Put the prepared sample at the counter bearing
- Perform the dynamic tensile test

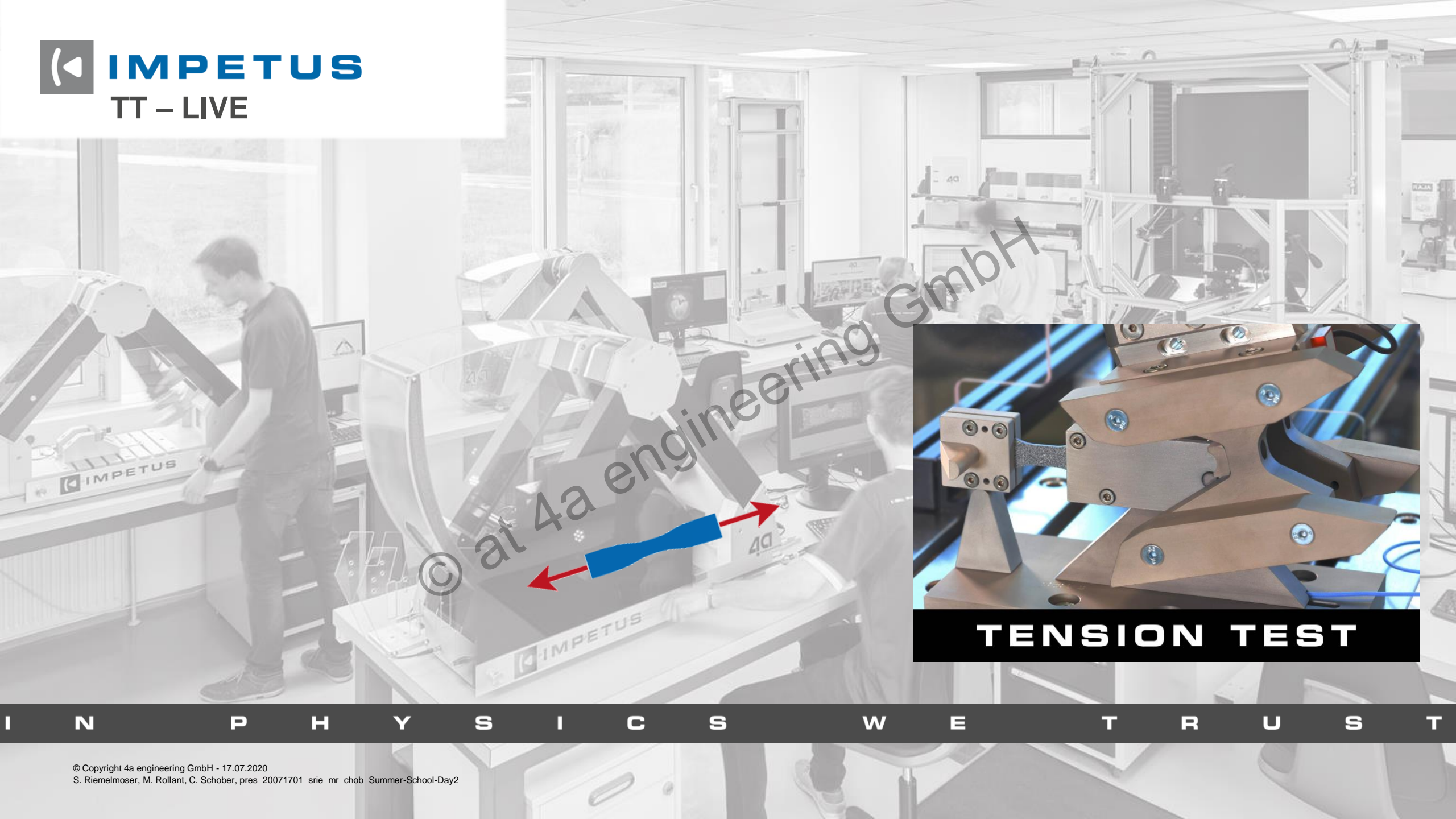


**Have to be done manually**

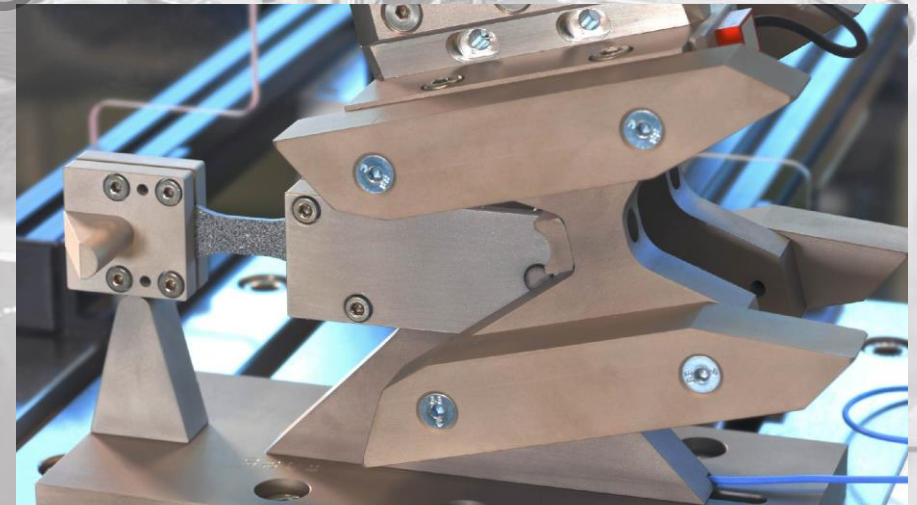
- Activate the bright lights
- Start the recording of the high-speed camera
- Immediately evaluate the DIC images
- Finally store the recorded data in the VALIMAT database

**Is executed automatically**





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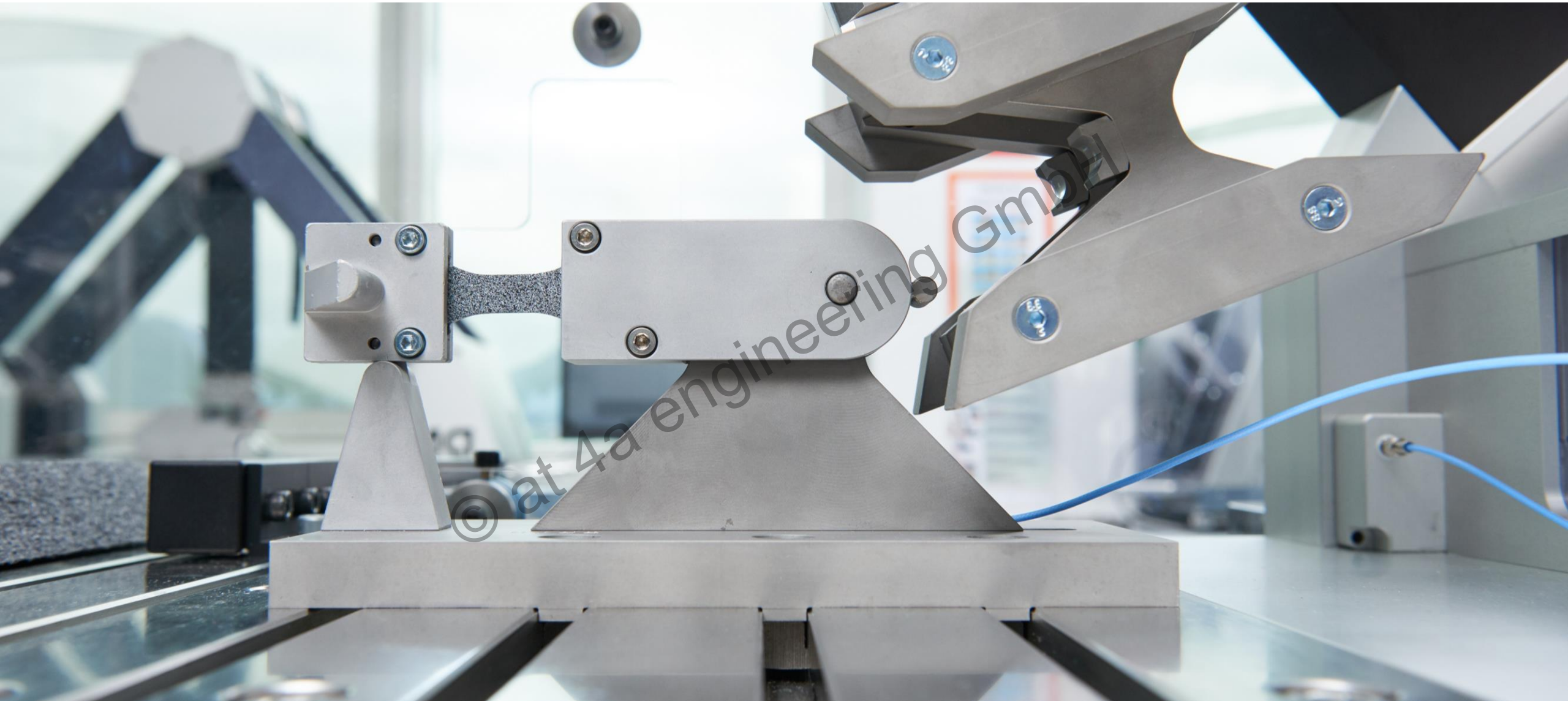


**TENSION TEST**

I N P H Y S I C S W E T R U S T



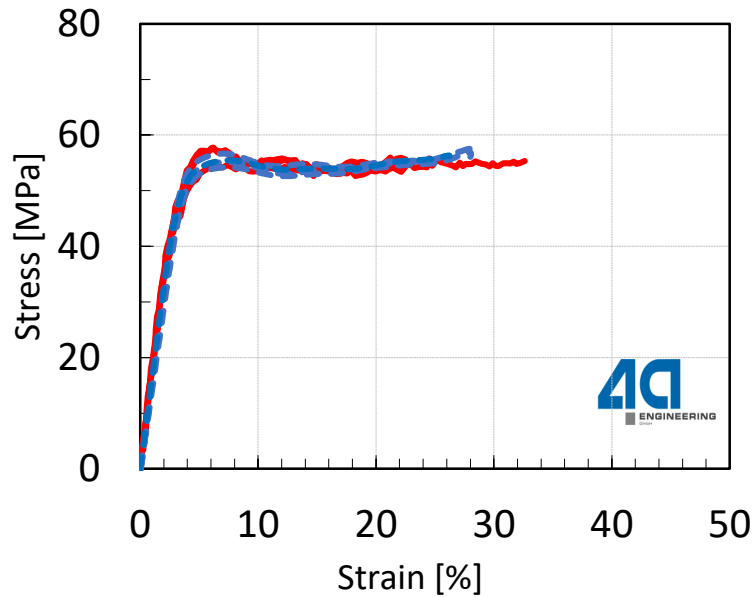
# Live test procedure



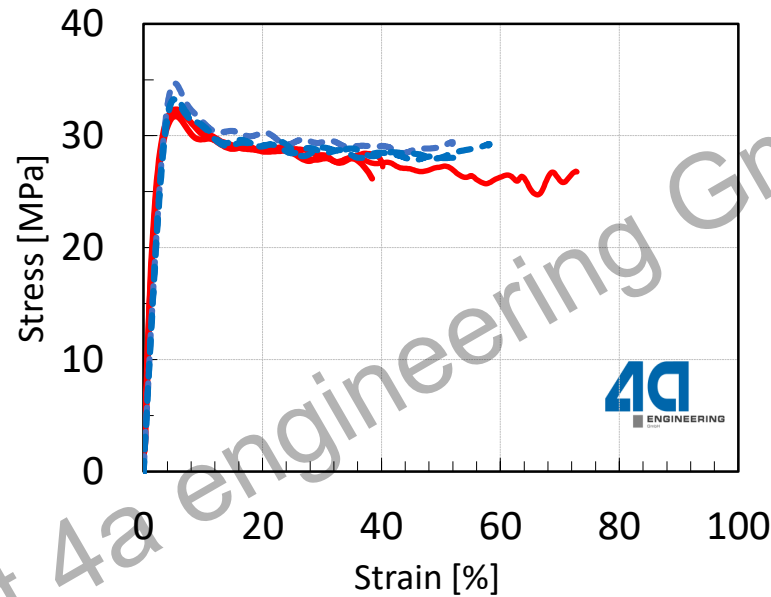
# Dynamic tensile test - unreinforced plastic comparison 4a IMPETUS / external ZWICK

External ZWICK  
4a IMPETUS

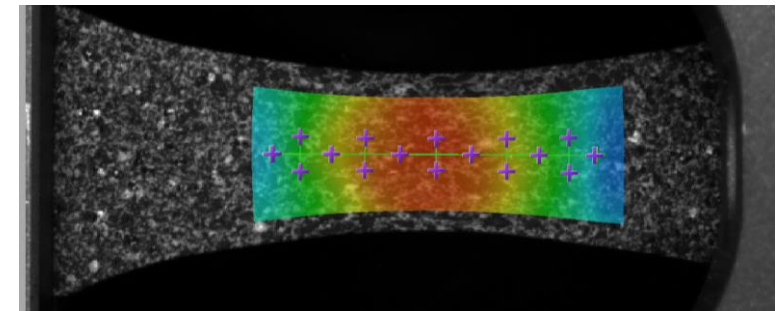
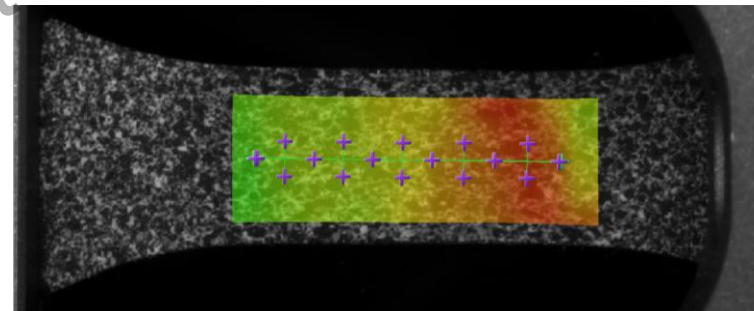
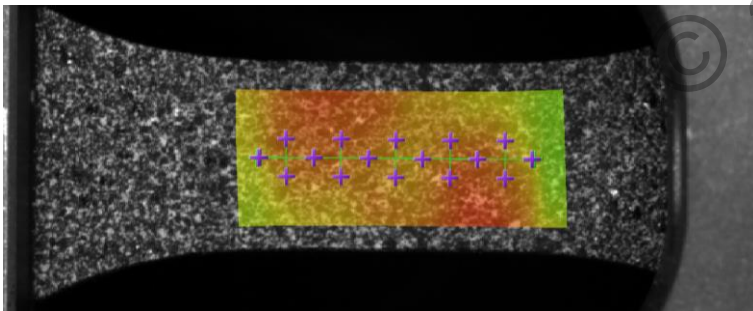
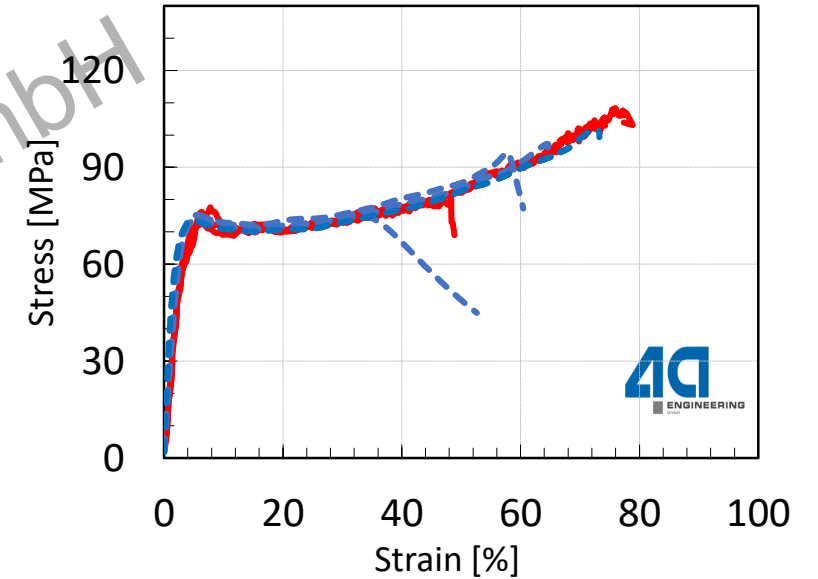
Type A, 3m/s



Type B, 3m/s

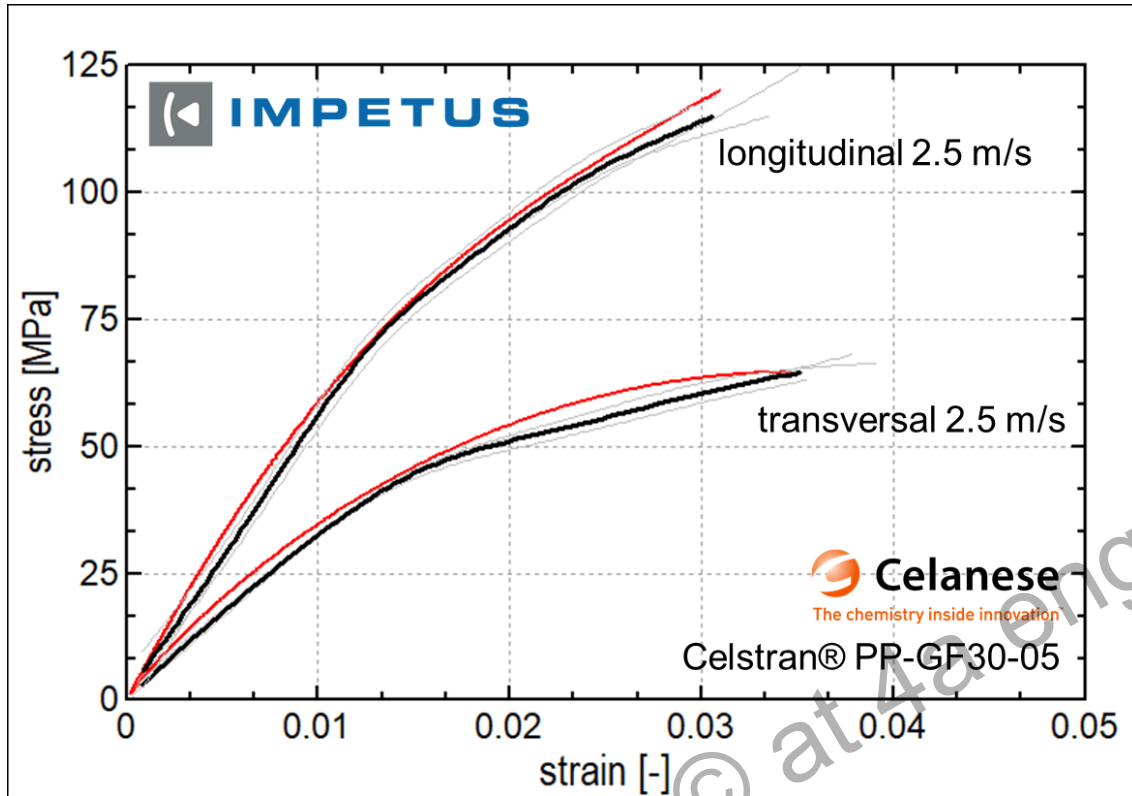


Type C, 3m/s

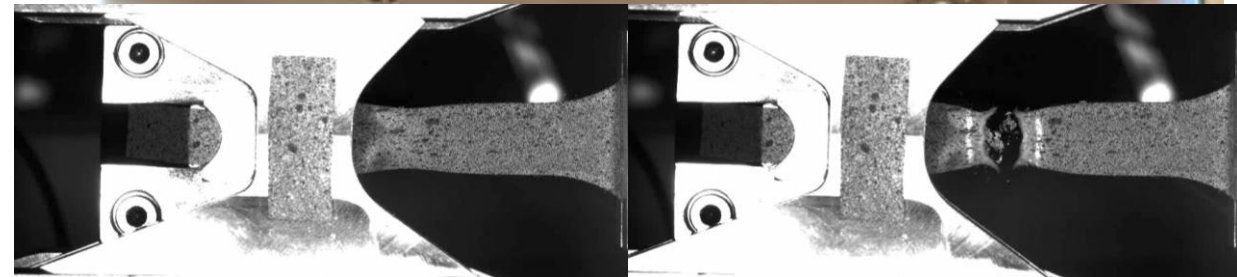
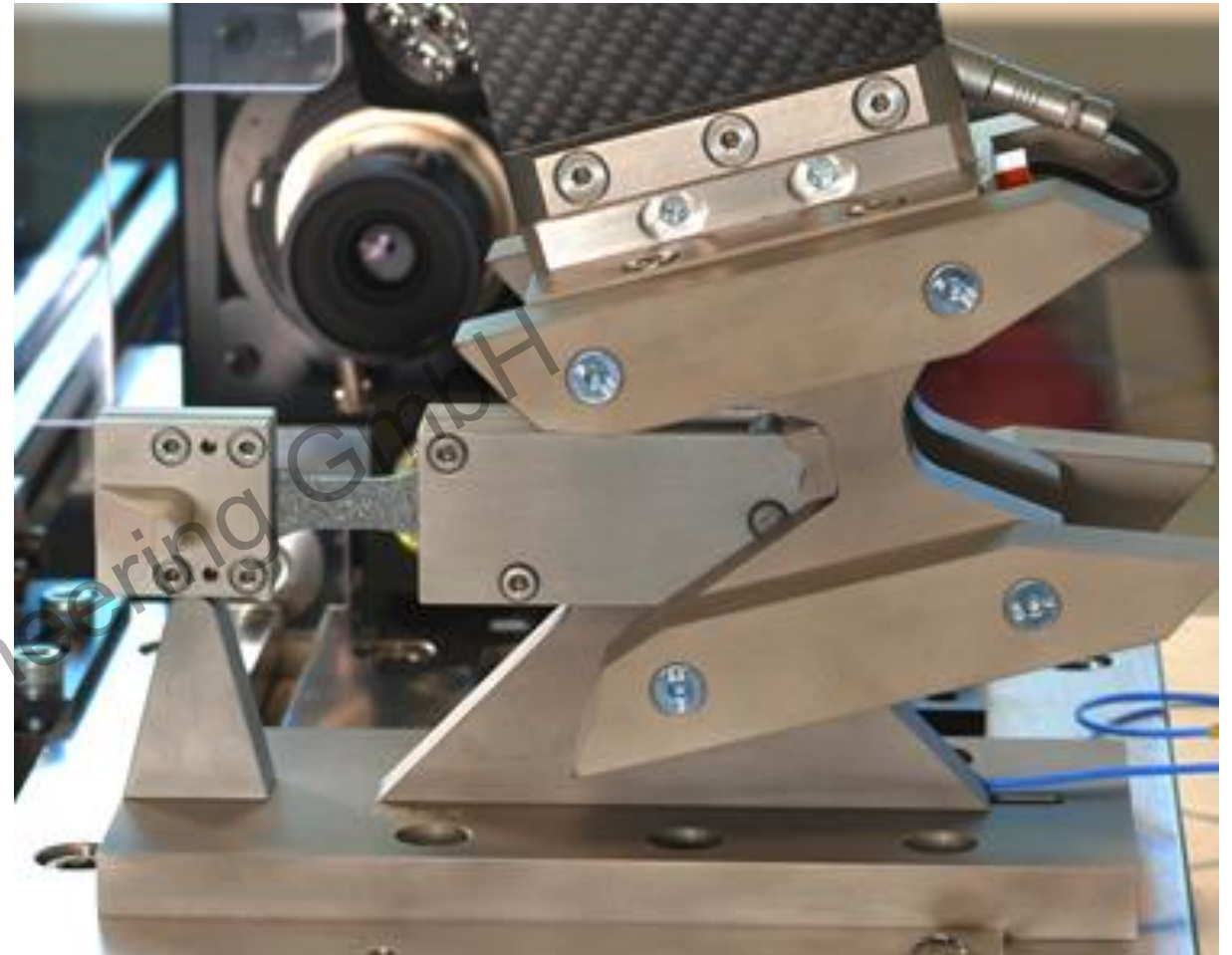




# Dynamic tensile testing



comparison  
IMPETUS™ impact tensile versus  
classical servo hydraulic test





# Summary

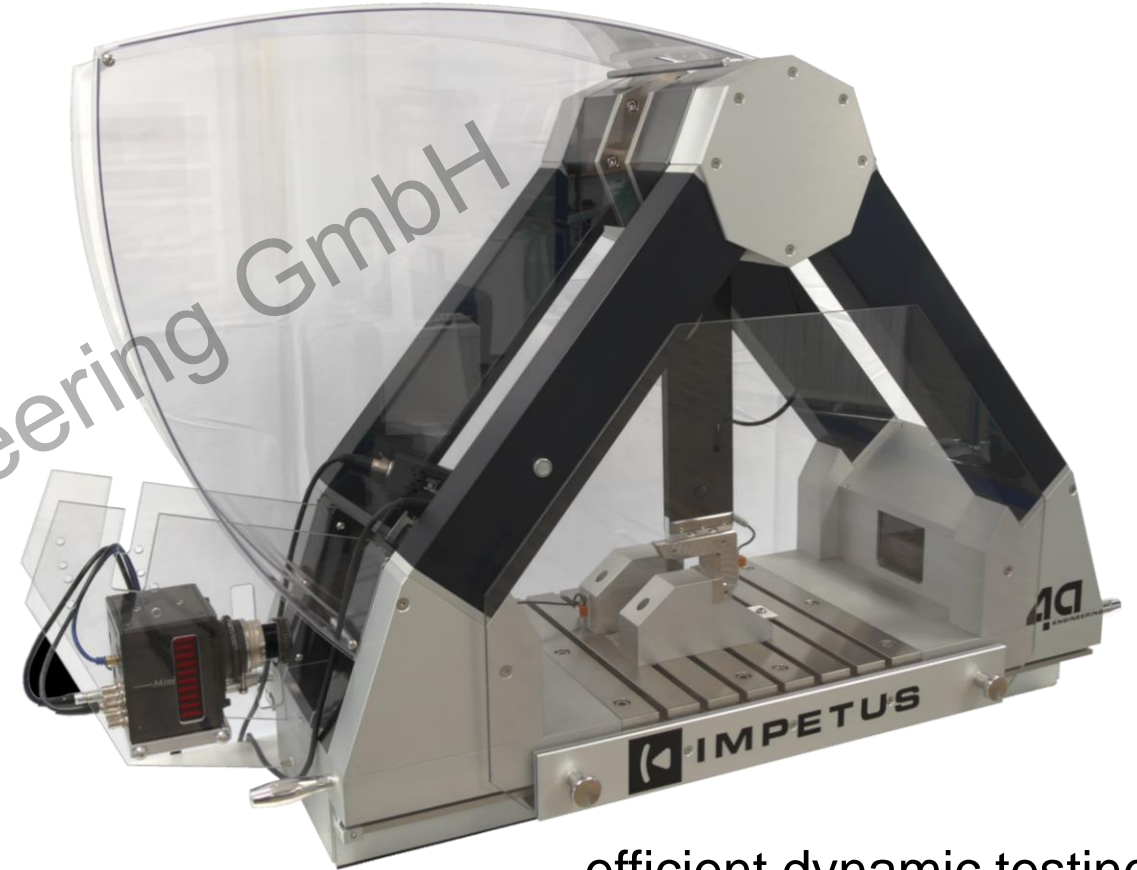


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# IMPETUS® - main characteristics



- Desktop testing device
  - ready to use
- Instrumented high speed testing
  - measured → force / displacement
- Impact speed 0.5 – 4.5 m/s
- Maximal energy up to 50 J
- High speed camera
  - sync. recording



efficient dynamic testing  
**plastics and composites**

## Additional information

**presentation** – will be provided as PDF as well as recorded stream

**trial license** – mail with forms link for request (SLA, MAC-ID)

**further questions** – please contact [valimat.support@4a.at](mailto:valimat.support@4a.at)

**survey** – please give your personal



# Thank you for your Attention!

4a summer-school - webinar and training  
Material characterization with VALIMAT® and IMPETUS®

SAVE THE DATE

**09. July - Material card generation:  
vonMises plasticity (\*MAT\_024),  
simple failure, setting up our Autofit**

 VALIMAT

 IMPETUS

more information on our software



$\alpha$   
Anisotropic

$\epsilon_p$   
Damage/Failure

$\Phi_p$   
Triaxiality

$\sigma_{vm}$   
Hardening

$\eta$

[www.4a-engineering.at/valimat](http://www.4a-engineering.at/valimat)

comprehensive test package overview



[www.4a-engineering.at/test-packages](http://www.4a-engineering.at/test-packages)